Weather
Clear cold weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 56.3 and the minimum 30.6, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 65.5 and 37.

The China Press
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A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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WILSON'S PROGRAM RIDDLED; SENATE SUPPORTS CHINA

Allies At Vladivostok Crush Revolt

CZECH CHIEF IS ARRESTED AFTER BATTLE

Gaida Said To Have Told Insurgents Forces To Loot City

NOT TO BE TRIED

Understood Third Offer Of Passage Home Will Be Made To Him

IRKUTSK CAPITAL

Transfer Of Government Offices From Omsk Is Now Complete

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Nov. 20.—It is semi-officially announced that fierce fighting has occurred between General Gaida's followers and Russian Government troops. General Gaida was quartered in a railway carriage in Vladivostok when he issued his proclamation, of which the Allies took no notice. But when a large body of marines from Okeansraya, accompanied by many dock laborers came to General Gaida asking him to be their leader he asserted that the Omsk Government was finished and that they were free to take what they wanted in the town.

Looting then commenced and the Allied troops surrounded General Gaida's quarters and arrested him, while the Government forces subdued his followers.

It appears that General Gaida has recently been a continual source of trouble and was offered a passage home which he twice refused preferring to remain in Siberia, although he had been relieved of his command of the Russian forces. Hence he does not hold a military position.

It is not thought that he will be subjected to trial owing to his brilliant leadership of the Czechs across Siberia, but it is believed that he will be deported forthwith.

GOVERNMENT SHIFTED

Irkutsk, Nov. 19.—The transfer of the government departments from Omsk to Irkutsk has been carried out in excellent order. Railway traffic is quite satisfactory, no attacks having been made on the line by bands of Reds lately.

More Japanese Troops To Be Sent Into Siberia

Tokio, Nov. 16.—According to the Jiji since the recent withdrawal of the Kolchak administration from Omsk the opinion has been gaining influence in Japanese military circles in favor of a change of Japan's Russian policy. It is held by the Japanese military authorities that, though the Koichak administration has now been withdrawn to Irkutsk, there is reason to think that even that place can hardly be defended by the Kolchak troops, who will have their hands full elsewhere.

Moreover, as the people in and around Irkutsk are not very favorably disposed toward the Kolchak Government, it will be necessary for Japan to undertake the protection of the latter. For this purpose the present strength of the Japanese troops in Siberia will not be strong enough and it will be necessary to despatch further reinforcements.

In some quarters it is believed that Mr. Hara's visit to Osaka was for the purpose of consulting General Tanaka, Minister of War, who has been at the maneuvers, on the Siberian business.

If the Government decides upon the proposed despatch of more troops to Siberia the decision will be referred to the consideration of the Cabinet and the Diplomatic Advisory Council.

Anfuites Renewing Fight On Cabinet

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Nov. 19.—Strong support of the Anfu Club by Ni Shih-chung has suddenly strengthened the club which is again strenuously opposing the new Cabinet.

Siberian Cossacks Apply Knout To American Soldiers

Corporal B. Sperling. INTERNATIONAL.

Corporal Benjamin Sperling, of Brooklyn, N. Y., serving with the Thirty-first Regiment of the A. E. F. in Siberia, who was captured and flogged by Russian Cossacks. Corporal Sperling and Captain Johns, of the Twenty-seventh Infantry, were on official business when arrested by the Cossacks. The affair has assumed grave international proportions, because of the reported action of a Japanese Major, who is said to have told the Americans he would order his Japanese troops to aid the Cossacks if American troops went to the rescue of the two men.

KOLCHAK'S ARMY IS HIT BY 150,000 CASES OF TYPHUS

American Army Officer Here On Way To Vladivostok Reports Epidemic

COMES FROM ARCHANGEL

Says Nations Must Look To Women Of Russia For Country's Salvation

By Helen Williams

Admiral Kolchak's army in Siberia is being decimated by a typhus epidemic, according to word received by Major D. O. Lively, U.S.A. who is in Shanghai enroute to Vladivostok from Archangel. At the present time 155,000 cases have been reported.

Major Lively is on his way to join the American forces in Siberia, who are doing guard duty and protecting the Trans-Siberian railway in conjunction with Admiral Kolchak's army. He entered the United States service early in 1918. Previous to that he was in the cattle business in the United States. For many years he was President of the American Live Stock Association and was also Live Stock Commissioner at the Panama Pacific Exposition in San Francisco in 1915. Through his efforts many laws were passed by the State legislatures that were beneficial to the cattlemen.

For nearly a year Major Lively has been stationed at Archangel, and his experiences there were varied and interesting. During the time of occupation there were American, English, French and

(Continued on Page 6)

CHINESE IN SETTLEMENT ASK UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE AND MORE MEN ON COUNCIL

Streets Union Issues Pamphlet For Endorsement Before Submitting Plan To Peking; Propose That All Ratepayers Vote To Elect 15 Councillors

Universal suffrage among the Chinese in the International Settlement is advocated in a pamphlet now being circulated among the Chinese organisations at Shanghai for endorsement before it is submitted to the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs for transmission to the Diplomatic Body in Peking. The pamphlet, which is a revised edition of the land regulations and by laws for the International Settlement of Shanghai, north of Yangkingpang, is compiled by the Shanghai Shopkeepers' League, known also as the Streets Union. Its circulation is an outgrowth of the agitation in August of Chinese representation of the municipal council.

The proposed regulations are aimed to give franchise to ratepayers, residing in the Settlement irrespective of nationality who pay an annual assessment of Tls. 10; who own land valued at no less than Tls. 500 or who hold a house, on which they an assessed rental of no less than Tls. 500. The regulations propose to add six more members to the municipal council, making it an executive committee of 15.

The qualifications for candidates for election to the municipal council shall remain as before it is proposed, namely, the payment of annual assessment, exclusive of license, of Tls. 50 or the holding of a house, paying an assessed rental of at least Tls. 500 per annum.

FEDERATION ENDORSES PLAN

Already a large number of the local bodies have endorsed the proposal including the Shanghai Commercial Federation, constituting 51 commercial institutions in Shanghai.

Late in August when the Municipal Council was about to carry out the resolution of the last ratepayers' meeting for a special assessment, local Chinese protested. A number of them refused to pay. Streets were organised to ignore the collector. A letter addressed to the Council by the Chamber of Commerce, through its chairman and vice-chairman, Messrs. Chu Pao-san and Shen Lien-fang, voiced the disapproval of the assessment and said that the priveleges enjoyed by foreign ratepayers were not enjoyed by the Chinese. It suggested that the council receive a delegation from the chamber to arrange a settlement.

The council took a firm stand and declined to see the deputation. However, it pointed out the question of Chinese representation on the Council and the payment of the assessment were two distinct issues and that relief for the latter rested with the Diplomatic Body in Peking. The local British Consulate-General was approached by the Chinese and assured then that the British authorities would give the matter a favorable consideration when it comes up to the Diplomatic Body. The Chinese paid their assessment and left the work of revision of the land regulations of the Settlement to the Street Union. The draft revision, as now circulated, was completed only after three months' of deliberation by Chinese leaders of the port and lawyers.

CHANGES PROPOSED

The sections of the revised regulations pertaining to nomination and voting of the council, the election of councillors, and the qualifications of voters and candidates for councillors read:

"It shall be competent on any two persons entitled to vote to

(Continued on Page 6)

NOTE TO RUMANIA CARRIES WARNING

Decision In Connection With Hungary Within Week Must Be Given

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 16.—The Allies have despatched a new Note to Rumania declaring emphatically that the Allies expect a decision to be reached within a week with regard, firstly the evacuation of Hungary to the final Rumano-Hungarian frontier drawn by the Supreme Council, and secondly Rumania's signing without reservation the Austrian treaty and the treaty for the protection of minorities, and thirdly Interallied control of Rumanian requisitions in Hungary.

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Supreme Council met yesterday morning at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, M. Clemenceau presiding. It was decided what the Treaty with Bulgaria should be signed at the town hall of Neuilly-sur-Seine on Thursday, November 27.

Secondly the Council decided to inform M. Venizelos that it could only confirm the view already expressed by the Peace Conference regarding the provisional character of the Greek occupation of Smyrna.

Lastly the Council had before it a despatch from Sir George Clerk, Allied Special Envoy to Hungary, stating that order has been preserved since the entry of Admiral Horthy's troops into the capital. Sir George Clerk states, however, that he had to protest in the most formal manner against the arrest of several socialist leaders by the military.

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Supreme Council has decided to submit to the Greek and Bulgarian delegations an emigration treaty between Greece and Bulgaria. Tomorrow the Council will hear one of the Polish delegates on the subject of Eastern Galicia.

U.S. UNAWARE OF COTTON BOYCOTT

Reported Action In Britain Not Believed—Sales Of Mills In Lancashire Discussed

(Reuter's Service)

London, Nov. 15.—A New York message in connection with a report from London states that nothing is known of an alleged boycott of American cotton by British importers, although instances have occurred where British consignees have insisted on the insurance of cotton in transit with British insurance companies, which is partly attributed to the fact that many British manufacturers are stockholders in those companies.

It is added that American companies have not collectively attempted reprisals, although individuals have urged the banks and others to exert their influence to check this practice.

Replying to the operatives' request for its views with regard to the recent sales of cotton mills in Lancashire at greatly enhanced prices the Federation of Master cotton-spinners reports that the selling prices were very considerably below the cost of erecting new mills and that the effect of the higher values will be to stabilise the industry and the conditions of the operatives.

Closer Anglo-French Relations Are Urged

Proposals Are Presented By Lord Burnham Addressing Anglo-French Society

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—Speaking before the Anglo-French Society at Birmingham on Monday, Lord Burnham advocated a closer union between Great Britain and France from the moral, social and industrial standpoints. He strongly urged manufacturers and traders to give French consumers and traders every possible facility.

D'Annuzio In Sortie Seizes Dalmatian City

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Nov. 15.—D'Annunzio left Fiume with a squadron of destroyers and landed a detachment at Zara, himself returning to Fiume.

THREE MEMBERS OF COTTON GUILD ARE SUSPENDED

Dealing With Japanese Stock Exchange Reason For Penalty

MILL OWNERS TO JOIN

Manufacturers To Aid Fight Against Alleged Illicit Dealing

Three members of the Shanghai Cotton Guild were suspended from membership yesterday on account of their connection with the Shanghai Stock and Produce Exchange, a Japanese organisation which has been attempting to control the local cotton market. The action was taken following the decision of the Guild Wednesday to boycott the Japanese exchange, which has been accused of having raised the price of cotton arbitrarily.

The Cotton Mill Owners' Association, to whom an invitation has been extended by the Cotton Guild to join in the movement, will take similar steps, it was said. Official announcement of its decision, however, will not be made until a later date. Leading members of the association, however, are convinced that their association will endorse the action of the Cotton Guild.

The Cotton Guild, whose membership includes the thousand odd cotton merchants in Shanghai, alleges that the three members suspended yesterday are employes of the Japanese Exchange, being paid Tls. 200 as compensation for furnishing intelligence about conditions existing among Chinese merchants.

BOOSTING THE PRICE

Since the inauguration of a cotton department of the Japanese stock exchange few days ago, the price of cotton rose four taels. Yet business done by the exchange is comparatively small.

The scheme of the Japanese exchange has been to make Chinese dealers speculate, it was said, the exchange charging Tls. 0.25 for every picul sold or bought.

There is no actual hard cargo. On the 25th of every month, the exchange is alleged to have figured out the balance sheet and if the purchase side showed an increase, the exchange boosted the price. On the other hand if the sales side showed an increase, the exchange is charged with lowering the price.

MR. ROSENTHAL EXPLAINS

Discussing the action of Chinese cotton dealers in boycotting Japanese cotton and declining to deal with the Japanese Stock Exchange Messrs. A. B. Rosenthal and Son will today issue the following circular, showing how Japanese speculators had demoralised the market:

China Cotton.—Since our last circular was issued, the Shanghai Produce and Stock Exchange (a Japanese organisation) added another feature to their existing business by listing cotton futures at their exchange. All might have gone well had the brokers concerned in inaugurating this new business made an effort to reason out the probable course of the market based on actual conditions; the general financial outlook, the heavy decline in Mid-American and Indian cotton, etc.

But instead they opened up their bidding between their brokers by advancing the market from one to four taels per picul from November to April. For example: On Saturday the actual market closed weak with sellers for Tungchow cotton (which they also based as their Standard) at 32 Taels per picul for November. 34¼ Tls. for December-January. Their opening prices were, however, as follows: November Tls. 33, December Tls. 34, January Tls. 35, February Tls. 36, March Tls. 37, April Tls. 37½.

(Continued on Page 3)

Col. House, American Delegate To Peace Conference, Home, Sick

Colonel E M House arriving home. INTERNATIONAL

Haggard and careworn, Colonel E. M. House, delegate to the Peace Conference and personal adviser of President Wilson, returned to his country from France aboard the steamship Northern Pacific. The photograph shows Colonel House being assisted from the steamship on his arrival in New York. Colonel House has been in poor health ever since an attack of grippe in Paris some time ago.

Senate's Action Pledges U.S. To Uphold Justice For China Is Local Belief

News From Washington Greeted With Delight By Representative Citizens, Chinese Newspapers Laud It Today

News of the United States Senate's action on the Shantung reservation was hailed with delight last night by prominent Chinese in the Settlement. All the leading Chinese newspapers of Shanghai will carry editorials this morning lauding the action as a reaffirmation of America's friendship for China. The first president of the Chinese Republic, Dr. Sun Yat-sen, expressed his pleasure at the stand taken by the Senate. Some of the expressions follow:

"The position assumed by the United States Senate is an extremely happy one from the viewpoint of the Chinese in the opinion of Mr. Wang Yi-tang, chief Northern delegate, expressed through a representative who talked to reporters last night at Hardoon's Garden.

"The entire nation is grateful to the United States for its effort to make the world respect the sovereignty of China," he said. The people of the North extend sincere thanks to the people of the United States."

Mr. Yi Chun-chang Expresses His Delight

The President of the National Press Union, Mr. Yi Chun-chang:

"It is with mingled feelings of regret and gratitude that I received the news of the passage by the United States Senate of the reservation, withholding the assent to articles 156, 157 and 158 and reserving to the United States the full liberty of action on any controversy which may arise under these articles between the Republic of China and the Empire of Japan.

"I regret that the proposal of the Chinese peace delegation to secure the return of the rights of Shantung was not respected by the Paris Conference and I am gratified that the United States Senate has finally upheld the principle of justice which is so dear to humanity by the passage of this reservation.

"I venture to voice the sentiment of the journalists of China

(Continued on Page 3)

U.S. Friendship For China Seen In Senate Action

---Dr. Sun Yet-sen

Dr. Sun Yat-sen, first president of the Chinese Republic, issued the following statement last night:

"The action of the United States Senate in rejecting the clauses of the Peace Treaty that give German rights in Shantung to Japan is another evidence of America's friendship for China.

"I and every other Chinese rejoice in the stand taken by the Senate. It is another assertion that the United States is to hold sacred the ideals for which the country entered the war. It reaffirms the friendship of the United States for China."

Mails For Home And Europe Will Close Tomorrow

Mail for America and Europe to go by the Empress of Japan will close at the American Post Office tomorrow, Saturday, for registered letters at 1 p.m., for parcels at 1 p.m., for ordinary mail at 2 p.m.

The following list of steamers bringing American mail has been received by the U.S. Postmasters:

S.S. China of the China Mau Steamship Company, November 25; reported on time.

S.S. Justin of the Garland Steamship Company, due about November 26 with 342 sacks.

S.S. Javary of the Garland Steamship Company, due December 4 with 850 sacks.

S.S. Edmore of the Admiral Line, due December 16-18 with 650 sacks.

CLEMENCEAU QUITS PARIS

Premier Going To La Vendee For Five Days To Rest

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—M. Clemenceau is leaving Paris this evening for five days rest in La Vendee.

RESERVATION ON SHANTUNG IS ENDORSED

Clause Of Treaty Giving Award To Japan Is Not Accepted

KEEPS HANDS OFF

U.S. Reserves To Itself Liberty Of Action In Orient

DISMAYS LONDON

All Recommendations Of Foreign Committee But Two Now Approved

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Nov. 15.—The Senate today adopted a reservation to the Peace Treaty withholding assent to the Shantung arrangement. A reservation was also adopted giving Congress authority to regulate the appointment of the American delegates to the League of Nations and the International Commissions.

A third reservation adopted declares that the United States alone shall interpret the Monroe doctrine, "which is wholly outside the jurisdiction of the League of Nations."

The following is the text of the Shantung reservation: "The United States withholds its assent to articles 156, 157, and 158 and reserves to itself full liberty of action in respect of any controversy which may arise under the said articles between the Republic of China and the Empire of Japan."

OVERRIDES OPPOSITION

From the moment the closure limiting the debate on the Peace Treaty was declared the Republican majority in the Senate overrode all opposition. The Senate so far has adopted all but two of the Foreign Relations Committee's reservations, including the reservation to the United States of the right to increase armaments without the consent of the Council of the League of Nations whenever the United States is threatened with invasion or engaged in war; also the reservation of the right to permit nationals of a State which breaks the Covenant residing outside that State to trade with nationals of the United States.

The democrats have called a conference of friends of the treaty to meet early next week with a view to finding a compromise.

LONDON CONCERNED

London, November 16.—The decisions of the American Senate adopting reservations which practically nullify the Peace Treaty have produced a situation which is viewed in London and Paris with much concern.

The illness of President Wilson at this critical period increases the difficulty of forecasting any solution.

The one uncertain factor is whether the American people will approve or disapprove the Senate's overthrowing the whole of the President's labor at the Peace Conference.

Trip Poincare Made Discussed In Paris

Believed Decision On Policy Of Nations Toward Russia Has Been Reached

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 14.—French circles lay stress on the importance of the political conversations which took place in London during President Poincare's visit. M. Pichon had interviews not only with Mr. Lloyd George but also with Lord Curzon, Mr. Winston Churchill and Mr. Balfour on the twofold subject of the attitude of the Entente towards Russia and Turkey.

Regarding Russia it is understood to have been decided that nothing will be done to strengthen Bolshevism by any conference whatever with the Soviet. Regarding Turkey, France and Great Britain are to act in complete accord.

Britain's Russian Policy Is Debated In Commons

Premier Holds It Is Not Possible To Finance Civil War In Country Indefinity

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Nov. 17.—There was a full dress debate on Russia in the House of Commons today. Opening the debate, Sir Donald Maclean, the Liberal Leader, urged that Russia should be left to work out her own salvation. He declared that the policy of intervention had failed and that the Bolshevists were stronger than ever. In his opinion, a spirit of resentment at foreign interference was awekening in Russia and British policy should be revised accordingly. He declared that the question of Great Britain's future in India and the East depended largely on whether we were able to pursue our mission there peaceably.

Lord Robert Cecil said that it was difficult to exaggerate the gravity of the international situation in Europe at present. The reservations of the United States Senate which had been provisionally accepted were so extensive as almost to amount to a repudiation of the Covenant by the United States, which also meant repudiation of the Peace Treaty. The position was most grave, but whatever happened the League must continue even though the United States decided not to take part in it.

Continuing, Lord Robert Cecil said that Bolshevism had been a regime of atrocious and cold-blooded murder and outrage, one of the bloodiest and most brutal despotisms that had ever stained history. Armed foreign intervention, he said, was absolutely impossible. He hoped that General Denikin and Admiral Kolchak would abandon their Moscow expedition and reorganise the territories they already occupied, establishing stable government. This would speedily have an overwhelming moral effect upon their Bolshevist neighbors. He urged the Government to be absolutely clear and definite and display no ambiguity or vacillation.

LABOR'S POSITION

Mr. Arthur Henderson restated Labor's position, emphasising its opposition, to intervention in Russia. He declared that the Allies' policy had strengthened the reactionary efforts and he appealed to the Government to withdraw its material and moral support from Admiral Kolchak and General Denikin.

Colonel John Ward pointed out that the question of intervention or non-intervention did not affect Great Britain alone. He said that Admiral Kolchak was a democrat, adding that Great Britain went to Russia for her own purposes and thereby saved the lives of perhaps hundreds of thousands of her own men. Our sole aim in going to Russia was to save our men and we made promises accordingly. Therefore, he said, we ought not now to repudiate them.

Mr. Lloyd George, replying, said that he was glad that the debate had shown that all were agreed as regards the horror of both the principle and the practice of Bolshevism. It was undemocratic and it did not represent freedom. He emphasised this by quoting a Bolshevist proclamation stating, "We raised discipline in the army. We must now raise Labor discipline." This proved, he said, that the Bolshevists' notion of freedom for the working classes was compulsory labor.

The Prime Minister defended his describing the American correspondent Bullitt's disclosures as "a tissue of lies." It was an obligation of honor, he declared, to help the men who had assisted to reconstruct the Eastern front against Germany. We had fully discharged our obligation, but there were others of the Allies who were in a better position to support Admiral Kolchak than ourselves, and any failure did not lay at our door. We had helped General Denikin and the policy had been successful. The regions of the Don and the Ukraine were anti-Bolshevik, but it was clear that whenever armies marched into Central Russia beyond a certain point they failed, though no one could say what Central Russia wanted.

BRITAIN'S POSITION

Great Britain, however, Mr. Lloyd George continued, could not finance civil war in Russia indefinitely. Our first concern was for our own country where the shortest road to Bolshevism was financial bankruptcy. Great Britain had contributed more than any country to the anti-Bolsheviks, more than France, Japan, and America combined. He boasted of this because it was an obligation of honor for France and Great Britain to come to a similar view, namely that the Government could not burden the taxpayer any further in respect of the operations in Russia.

Among the present difficulties, the Prime Minister went on, was the fact that Admiral Kolchak and General Denikin were fighting for a reunited Russia, whereas Esthonia, Latvia and Lithuania were fighting for independence, while the other great anti-Bolshevik forces were fighting for local independent nationality, wherefor it was most difficult to lay down a policy. He pointed out that those favoring intervention in Russia opposed intervention in Armenia and vice-versa.

Furthermore, the Germans were still present in the Baltic Provinces. They must be cleared out, otherwise the peace of Europe would not be safe.

Finally, Mr. Lloyd George asked, who advocated the terrible responsibility of restoring order in a country which was a continent and in which every nation and every army which had intervened hitherto had harvested disaster. He refused the responsibility.

Captain W. G. A. Ormesby-Gore deplored the delay in making peace with Turkey. He said that half the trouble in Egypt today was due to this continued delay. Until a definite statement was made whether the Milner Commission was or was not going to Egypt the agitations there would continue. If we did not intend to evacuate Egypt, he added, let us say so and make it quite clear that we intend to be masters there.

Mr. Balfour commented upon the remarkable small differences revealed as regards Russia. No one, he said, had suggested a clear-cut policy, although the Government had been criticised for not possessing one.

TURKISH QUESTION

Mr. Balfour pointed out that the difficulty with Turkey was that we were not able to say exactly what we desired to do here. There must be a common Allied policy. Nevertheless it was a profound misfortune for all the populations of the Near East that the Peace Conference had not yet settled their future. It was not Great Britain's fault, but it was due to the fact that America had not given a clear lead of her own policy. Until that was done, it was impossible to lay down a common policy of all the Associated Powers of which America was one of the most important. It was also true that the prevailing Turkish unrest was doing infinite harm and making it more difficult every day to find a satisfactory solution.

Mr. Balfour emphatically said that there was not a shadow of truth in the reiterated statements that Great Britain's Military occupation of Syria meant that she was going to remain dominant there. The difficulties before all the Western Mandatory Powers of the Arabs were great, but they should not be exaggerated. The Arabs for the first time for centuries had played a great part in their Alliance with the Entente and had especially shown themselves in close cooperation with the British troops, faithful, brave and efficient.

The prestige of the Arab race had consequently greatly risen and he had every hope that there would be a resuscitation of the great Arab civilisation. As far as the British and French were concerned there could not be any rivalry in Syria.

We earnestly hoped, Mr. Balfour continued, in the most friendly co-operation with the French and with the warmest regard for our Arab Allies to see all the difficulties solved. He was absolutely confident that the unhappy spirit of unrest in Egypt produced by the War would be brought to an end especially seeing General Allenby in control of the situation. He perfectly understood that the East—the birthplace of rumors—was full of the strangest legends concerning the policy of His Majesty's Government. The Government's view was that these questions of Egypt, the Sudan, and the Suez Canal formed an organic and indivisible whole, with regard to which England would not give up any of her responsibilities.

"British supremacy Exists" said Mr. Balfour, "and British Supermacy is going to be maintained. Let no one in or out of Egypt make a mistake on that cardinal principle of Government. Nevertheless we desire in every way possible to associate the Egyptian native population with the Government of the country."

SITUATION IN EGYPT

The Government, Mr. Balfour went on, desired in all respects to promote the prosperity of Egypt. The country was disturbed by a certain amount of dissension and unrealisable expectations which if they were fulfilled would damage Great Britain and the world but most of all the Egyptian populations. The Government unalterably adhered to its decision to send out the Milner Commission to make an investigation. Until the Commission's report had been received it would be folly to attempt to sketch projected legislation, but the population might rest assured that we desired to associate them as far as possible with the work of administration, and unlike their Turkish masters who in Egypt at the present moment affected to be pro-Egyptian, we should steadily pursue the policy of amelioration which had made Egypt an utterly different place for all its inhabitants and most of all for the natives as compared with Turkish Rule.

These, concluded Mr. Balfour, were the principles which animated the Government in respect of the Middle East. We recognised the complication and extraordinary difficulty of the task, but Great Britain had undertaken other tasks, no less difficult and brought them to a successful conclusion and why should we despair.

New Academic Union Is Formed At Paris

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, November 15.—An International Academic Union has been formally constituted. The committee included the principal Academic authorities of Europe and America. General meetings will be held in Brussels which will be the seat of the general secretariat.

French Club Sets December 31 For Fancy Dress Ball

Costumes For New Year's Eve Affair Confined To Two Colors

Announcement was made yesterday that the annual fancy dress ball of the Cercle Sportif Francais will take place this year on Saturday, December 31 at 10 o'clock. Costumes are to be confined to two colors, cherry and turqoise blue, and persons will not be admitted unless they are attired in the prescribed raiment. Warning is given against appearing in ordinary evening dress with favors or trimming of the chosen colors.

No masks will be allowed, the committee announces. It also warns that all costumes must be of exactly the shade of samples which will be sent to each member of the club.

Admission tickets have been limited in number to 400 owing to the size of the club ball room. Non-members can obtain entrance tickets only through members. Names and addresses of non-members should be in the hands of the secretary of the club not later than December 29.

Japanese Squadron Will Visit Toulon

French Government Receives Word From Tokio That Warships Are Coming

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Japanese Government has telegraphed informing the French Government that a Japanese squadron will shortly visit Toulon. The squadron which is under the command of Rear-Admiral Horiuchi, includes the cruisers Tokio (Captain Hizumura) and Azuma (Captain Marada).

MAGAZINE BEATS PRINTERS' STRIKE

Mimeographs Resorted To By Editors To Keep Record Unbroken

After 73 years of continuous publication without missing an issue the Dry Goods Economist, a New York trade publication, was confronted with the peril of temporary suspension when a strike tied up its mechanical department in the week of October 11. How the situation was met and overcome was shown in Shanghai when copies of the publication arrived here.

It didn't look much like the usual issue of the publication but it was profusely illustrated and contained the usual advertisements, editorials and news matter and was a magazine of 94 pages.

This magazine of considerable size was issued for a circulation of more than 13,000—and throughout it was printed on mimeographs.

France Not To Alter Policy With Vatican

Briand Expresses Belief No Change In Relations Will Develop

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, November 14.—M. Briand delivered an important speech yesterday in which he expressed the view that France would not adopt any new policy toward the Vatican. He declared, however, that he personally would be ready to resume diplomatic relations with the Holy See, on matters of foreign politics such as those concerning the East, Morocco, and Alsace Lorraine provided that the principle of religious neutrality was maintained.

Vanity Fair

I am sorry I did not see the first edition of Vanity Fair. I missed something good. Last night the Lyceum Theater was warmed by a most enthusiastic audience when the second edition of Edgar Wharwick's show was given. There is nothing in this very troubled world of ours so excellent a tonic just now as a real hearty laugh. That is what Vanity Fair provides. And it serves up the provisions so delightfully that they cannot fail to suit all digestions.

One of the songs last night intimated that the old things were the best or rather the old ways were the best. Well, lots of things were old last night, but instead of boring us they came across the footlights like old friends whom we were pleased to meet again. There is a freshness and sparkle about Vanity Fair that not only tells of thorough rehearsal but also makes us realise that every member of the company is an artist of the first class.

Leslie Holmes with his "Wait let I tell you," and his fund of good stories and fine business, kept the house convulsed with laughter. Like all the old members of the company he received a great welcome.

The newcomer, Mr Steve Lauri is a dancer who is as light as a feather, and as charming to wat as a beautiful picture in motio For snap, finish, charm an mounting Vanity Fair can be ver strongly recommended to ever playgoer.

DOMINO.

SWISS JOIN LEAGUE

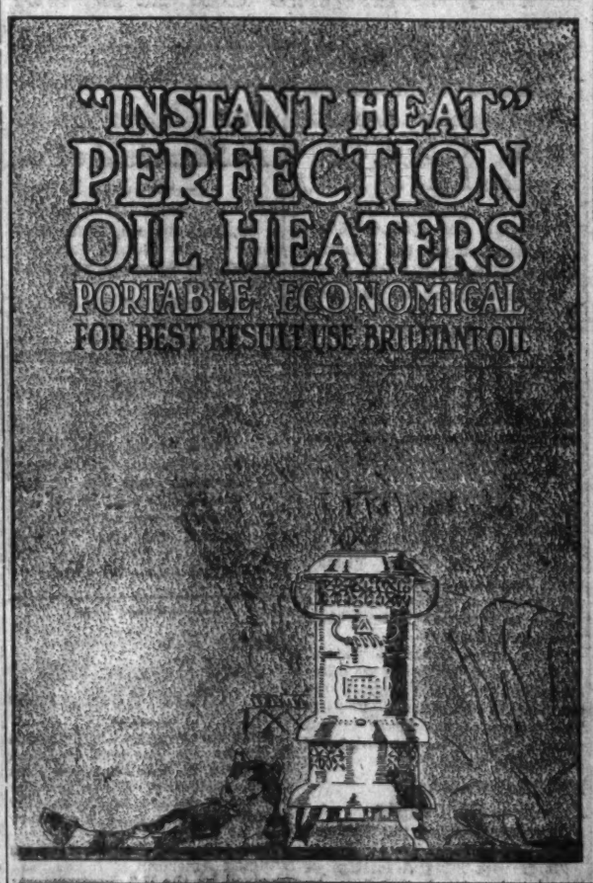
(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 19, (via Lyon and Koukaza).—Switzerland h decided to join the League Nations.

"INSTANT HEAT" PERFECTION OIL HEATERS

PORTABLE ECONOMICAL

FOR BEST RESULT USE BRILLIANT OIL



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FROM ALL DEALERS

MEMBERSHIP IN FRENCH CHAMBER IS NOW LARGER

Gain Of 24 Made In Number Of Deputies As Result Of Elections

ANNOUNCEMENT IS ISSUED

Socialists And Catholics In Italy Said To Have Led Voting There

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The new Chamber will consist of 626 members instead of 602 who made up the Chamber of 1914. The 24 new seats will be occupied by the representatives of Alsace and Lorraine. Voting on Sunday was for 616 seats, the other ten being Colonial seats, the election for which will take place later.

So far 570 results are known. 564 deputies have been elected, the distribution of parties, according to the Paris press, being as follows:

Unified Socialists	56
Dissident Socialists	5
Republican Socialists	28
Radicals on Radical Socialists	129
Left Republicans	114
Progressives	138
Liberals	16
Conservatives	74
French action Party	5

Six seats have to be balloted for. The results in the devastated Departments of the Aisne (8 seats), Ardennes (6 seats), Marne (7 seats), Meuse (4 seats) and Pas de Calais (14 seats) will be announced later.

The position therefore is:

Deputies elected	564
Ballot required	6
Devastated departments	46
Colonies	10
Total.	626

Paris, November 16.—The ten inches of snow in Paris was expected to interfere with the elections, in which over two thousand candidates including 431 ex-deputies competed.

SITUATION IN BELGIUM

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—King Albert has already begun to deal with the new political situation in Belgium arising out of the Socialist gains at the elections. The Socialist Ministers M. M. Vandervelde and Vanten were received by His Majesty yesterday.

VOTE IN ITALY

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—According to advices from Rome the full results of the Italian elections are not yet known, but the general opinion is that the Socialists and Catholics head the polls, and there is much speculation as to which party has secured the larger number of seats.

Local Societies Protest Foochow Affair To Peking

Vigorous protest against the action of Foochow Japanese in assaulting Chinese students and police was lodged yesterday by seven local organisations with the Peking authorities. The organisations that sent the protest are the Kiangsu Educational Association, the Nantao Chinese Chamber of Commerce, the Western Returned Students' Union, the Chinese Vocational Educational Association, the Overseas Chinese Union, the World's Chinese Students' Federation and the Union of Chinese Fire Brigades.

Selivanoff's Concert

The concert at the Astor House given by Mr. Selivanoff and the artists associated with him was fairly attended.

The varied program was a good attempt to arrive at a mean between the popular concert and the purely classical.

Mr. Selivanoff sang arias from "Boris Godounov" and Brodin's beautiful opera, "Prince Igor," and besides Tchaikovsky songs, some "merry songs" by various Russian composers—which were encored and followed by two more.

These last are really character songs, and the non-Russian is left very much in the dark. The Russian bass sings with deep feeling and, judging by the applause of his compatriots, with a keen sense of humor.

Mme. J. Markovsky sang arias from "The Charmer" (Tchaikovsky) and from "Tosca" (Puccini); Mr. Tuevsky, from "Tosca" and "Rigoletto"; and Mr. Volin from "Pagliacci" and "Carmen" (the prologue and toreador song). Mozart's famous duet from "Don Giovanni," "Ld ci darem la mano" was sung by Mme. Markovsky and Mr. Volin (in Italian).

Mr. Velenti played two groups of solos. The first contained a Chopin prelude in a flat which began and ended rather uncomfortably and the Rackmaninoff G minor prelude got tied up at a critical point.

In the second group, a Seriabine study and Caprice Espagnol went much better, but the piano used is not good enough for the Moskovski. Mr. Velenti was recalled to play again. The pianist shared the duties of accompanist with Mr. Pressan, and this part of the concert was most praiseworthy.

R. B. HURRY.

Destiny And Fate Subject Of Lecture

Royal Asiatic Society Hears Talk On Chinese Literature At Meeting Yesterday

Members of the Royal Asiatic Society, China Section, together with a number of visitors listened with interest yesterday to a lecture on "Destiny and Fate in Chinese Literature" given by the Rev. Evan Morgan.

The lecturer first defined terms, pointing out those relating to destiny generally current in China. He gave a general outline of the views on this subject held by Taoists, Confucianists, and Fatalists.

It is a necessity of human nature to try and know, said he, the lot locked up in the web of fate. This has given rise to auguries, horoscopes. The I Ching itself, the greatest classic of the Chinese, is concerned with the problem of destiny. This universal belief has created the occult sciences and the great cult of Divination, which have had a tremendous influence on the Chinese. Destiny is concerned with all created things as may be seen from the symposuim between the walrus and centipede.

VIEWS OF TAOIST

The speaker discussed the views of the Taoist, Chuang Tzu. How the Taoists are credited with belief in fatalism was explained and its real significance given. This was followed by a review of the teaching of the various Confucian schools on the notion. How these divided the subject of destiny into component parts to meet the claims of reason was pointed out.

Confucius spoke little on such a mysterious subject, yet he believed in it but rather in the sense of an over-ruling Providence. He was subject to this and therefore had no fear of the machinations of men.

CONTENTION OF FATALISTS

The Fatalists hold that in individual life as well as in the rise and fall of states, fate has more to do than human action. Therefore evil men are powerless to overthrow and good men impotent to maintain government. All is governed by seasons, and conditions. These again are under fate, which directs all sequences. Such a view has not been without effect on the spirit of the nation.

The starry hosts and constellations have been an important factor, he thought. These are the aura of Heaven. And what they receive from Heaven emanates from them to nations and men. The quality of the fluid is of vita importance. Hence a lucky star and so on.

A few comparisons were made between the Chinese views and those held by others such as Drefesdale in the Abbot, Napoleon, and Omar.

Finally it was pointed out that a theory of destiny is a necessity of the human mind. Life would be unbearable without it he declared. It has afforded comfort. But the true solution is to be found in the Christian view of life.

Held As Thieves Two Confess When Scared By Third

Intimidation Bared In Court And Man Behind It Is Expelled

American Assessor Tenney and Magistrate Yui had opportunity yesterday to see how a case of Chinese intimidation works. Three men were arraigned for a series of petty larcenies. Detective Prosser, said the first accused was an old offender and would admit nothing, that the other two were boys of good family who following gambling losses had been induced by No. 1 to steal with him. They had confessed everything.

No. 1, called upon, refused to admit any knowledge of the thefts. No. 2 amused the court by saying he did not know either of the others, but had committed all the thefts by himself.

Detective Prosser explained.

"You see," said he, "these men have all been in the same cell and it is evident that No. 2 and No. 3 are in fear of their lives from this man."

The two youths were returned to their parents and the instigator was expelled from the Settlement.

Chinese Commend Action Of Senate

(Continued from Page 1)

and extend to the people of the United States our heartfelt gratitude for the unprecendented departure that the United States Senate has adopted to preserve the sovereignty of China.

"It is my pleasant duty to convey these happy tidings to our people and encourage them in their spirit of nationalism and in their efforts to protect the sovereignty of their nation.

"It is our sincere hope that internal dissension between the North and the South will soon end in order to present a united front in our diplomatic negotiations. Then and only then will China be able properly to express her gratitude towards the United States."

World Wide Import Asserts Sin Wan Pao

The Sin Wan Pao this morning will publish the following comment on the action of the Senate:

"The action of the United States Senate in withholding assent to articles 156, 157 and 158 of the peace treaty has a world wide significance. Although it is stipulated in the peace treaty that it will come into force as soon as any three of the Allied and the Associated Powers sanction the pact, it is certain that the position taken by the United States will have great effect on the other powers in view of the present standing of the United States in the world and the important role that great country played during the recent world conflict.

"The Senate maintains that the United States should reserve to itself full liberty of action in respect of any controversy which may arise under the articles regarding Shantung between the Republic of China and the Empire of Japan. Doubtless this will benefit the Republic of China immensely. The people of this country are sincerely grateful to the United States Senate for this action.

"And as for ourselves, we will not be satisfied by the expression of gratitude towards our sister republic across the Pacific but shall endeavor to place ourselves in a position to check the unruly attempts of other nations to encroach upon the sovereignty of China.

"Needless for me to say that the recent great national movement was originated when the decision on Shantung was made in Paris. The attitude of the Chinese people has been endorsed by the American public. I sincerely believe that today our people feel the first pulsation of national life, and trust that the people of the United States will hereafter recognise this awakening and the fact that a real democratic China is in process of formatio.

Shun Pao Sees Ray Of Hope For China

In a leading article this morning The Shun Pao, the oldest newspaper in China, will say:

"Although the Shantung clause is not the only one on which the United States Senate made any reservations, yet this is the one which vitally concerns the people of China.

"Following the announcement of President Wilson's 14 points, the world saw in the peace conference about to come, a new era, new ideals, a changed world.

"To our great disappointment the peace treaty included clauses that transferred German rights in Shantung to Japan and attending circumstances placed China in such a position that this country was practically helpless.

"Of course we never suspected for a moment that it was the intention of the United States Government to place China into such a predicament.

"Today the United States Senate by its action comes to the aid of this country. This is beneficial not only to China but also to the United States, because in doing so the United States has supported the ideals for which her men and resources stood.

The United States Senate gives to the people of China a ray of hope; its action proclaims to the people of China that right and justice must prevail."

Men Of Cotton Guild Expelled

(Continued from Page 1)

The market closed in the afternoon with further advances of one tael from December to April.

MARKET DEMORALISED

In view of this uncalled for speculation our market was completely demoralised and to our mind it was a very poor beginning for the above mentioned organisation if they hoped to meet with success from those interested in the cotton trade, including their own nationals. In fact, there was a great deal of ill-feeling stirred up in cotton circles, considering that the demands of the mills have been next to nothing and the market dormant as far as exports were concerned.

To give the public an idea of the resentment felt by the Chinese cotton merchants, they held a meeting at their Guild on Wednesday afternoon, and the decision arrived at was:

"If any of their members were found encouraging this unusual method of speculation, they would be suspended from the Guild indefinitely, and heavily penalised." Under these circumstances, we are awaiting further developments, before forming any opinion as to the future course of the market.

INDIAN COTTON IMPORTS

The following advices have just been received "Import of Indian Cotton." "It is reported that import of Indian Cotton into Japan for the present term will be far greater than that for the last term. The N.Y.K. and the O.S.K. are now despatching steamers for this trade. During next month about 80,000 bales are expected and 200,000 bales are looked forward to for December. Another 200,000 bales are scheduled to be brought to Japan during January. It is to be noted that such a large consignment as 80,000 bales for the month of November is rare. Judging by the present rate of import, it is anticipated that the imports for the present contract term will exceed 1,500,000 bales an increase of 400,000 bales over the previous term."

The following classified statement was drafted by the Japanese cotton merchants in Japan and sent to their Minister for the Government's assistance.

1.—The regulation of the price of general commodities.

2.—The abolition of the import duty.

3.—The restriction or prohibition of export.

4.—Prohibition of long-term contract transactions.

5.—Spinners and exporters should be similarly instructed.

6.—The urgent importation of spinning machinery.

7.—The free removal of spinning hands from one prefecture to another must be allowed with a view to making up for the shortage of hands whenever necessary.

8.—Contraction of the currency must be effected.

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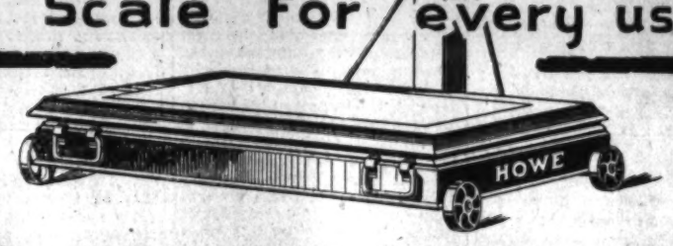

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SEATTLE IMPORTS FROM ORIENT IN GREAT INCREASE

Flood Of Shipments Via That Port In September Have Million-A-Day Value

DOUBLE SEPTEMBER 1918

New American Merchant Factor In Trans-Pacific Trade Route Development

Seattle, Wash., October 28.—More than $1,000,000 a day; more than $30,000,000 a month; more than twice as great as the same month in 1918 was the value of Seattle's imports from the Orient during September, according to statistics compiled by the Seattle port warden.

This flood of shipments from the countries on the other side of the Pacific was made possible by the new fleets of carriers placed in service out of this port by the United States Shipping Board, which is steadily increasing its volume of business handled.

The new American merchant marine, represented by the huge steel steamships built by the Emergency Fleet Corporation, is taking an important place on the transpacific trade routes, and still further increases in Seattle's trade with China, Japan and the Philippines is expected.

OVER 35,000 TONS

Although enormous shipments of raw silk and goods, which were rushed by special train across the continent, aided the port in scoring its record for September, more than $10,000,000 worth of other products of the Orient were landed at Seattle in the month.

Huge consignments of vegetable oils, rubber, hemp, cereals and Japanese and Chinese merchandise, much of which was landed by Shipping Board vessels, were responsible for the record made by the port.

Seattle's imports from the Orient for September, totaled 35,630 tons valued at $30,590,826. Of this amount 1,694 tons were raw silk and silk goods valued at $20,293,667. The figures show that 33,936 tons valued at $10,297,159 were consignments other than raw silk and silk goods. Shipments from Seattle to ports in the Orient during September were 98,561 tons valued at $11,649,741 all American products for the marts of the Far East. Imports from the Orient during September, 1918 were valued at 14,886,623, according to records of the port warden's office, September 1919, showing a gain of $15,704,203.

BRITAIN CLAIMING GERMAN SHIPPING

Charged America Is Slow To Return Ships Temporarily Awarded For Troops

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Nov. 19.—An American wireless press message from Paris, dated November 17, says: "According to official sources 170,000 tons of German shipping are now claimed by Great Britain, who is seeking immediate possession in accordance with the terms of the temporary allocation whereby the United States obtained temporary possession for use as transports after which she agreed to give them up to Great Britain who will use them for the same purpose, afterwards turning them over to the Reparations Commission for permanent allotment amongst the Allies.

"Great Britain protests that she is in dire need of vessels to repatriate her colonial troops awaiting passage home. It is pointed out that America no longer requires the vessels, the best proof being their long disuse. Great Britain's request, coming on the heels of the Standard Oil Company's claim for 14 oil tankers at present in German waters, has given rise to pointed remarks concerning the unexplained withholding of ships by the United States Shipping Board."

REALISM BARRED FROM TRUE ART, WOMEN ARE TOLD

Mrs. Guy C. Stockton Addresses Literary Department Of American Organisation

BY HELEN WILLIAMS

At the meeting held yesterday at Union Church by the Literary Department of the American Woman's Club, Mrs. Guy C. Stockton read a most interesting and comprehensive paper on "Art Appreciation."

Mrs. Stockton defined art as "That intangible, mysterious something which holds together the different elements of an art object in a beautiful, harmonious whole. It is beauty itself, it is spiritual and has nothing at all to do with the realism of the production, in fact, the more realistic a production is made, the farther it usually is from art."

In a broad sense, art appreciation is the ability to judge, independently of fads and other opinions, whether an art object has the true art quality and whether it contains that indefinable something that is the soul of art. This ability to properly judge objets d'art may be acquired, not only by those who are artistic but also by those who are not so fortunate. Whistler disagrees with this theory but it has been proved that a teacher with a true knowledge and love of his subject can teach others to appreciate and understand art.

There are many types of appreciation connected with art objects. Some people are interested in these objects from the purely artistic standpoint, while others are interested in them from an entirely different angle. As an example take the case of a mighty Pharoah buried centuries ago and who had all of his beautiful treasures buried with him. His coffin and tomb were decorated with all the splendor of Oriental color and drawings which told the story of his reign. Centuries later, the archaeologist can be found studying this same tomb. He handles every object most reverently. But he is not thinking of the beauty of them. He sees their value in their relation to the archaelogical world.

HISTORIAN'S INTERESTED

The historian appears on the scene next and his interests in these objects is because he will reconstruct history from his study of the hieroglyphics on the coffins and tombs. Another student appears who is interested in the story told by the drawings, paintings and art objects. But the artist asks the question vital to the artistic point of view "Is it beautiful?" He is interested in all of the previous investigations and their results, but that question is the true "warp and woof" of the artistic soul.

True discussions of art must deal with the beauty of line, qualities, tone harmonies of color, and the spirit of art. Certain elements of art can be discussed, even with the layman, which are a great assistance to those truly interested. While rules do not make beauty in art, they are a great aid in making an intelligent beginning. If we learn that all art has a certain spiritual quality, and that it is manifested in many different ways, we need not be puzzled by the method employed.

There are three visual arts—architecture, sculpture and painting, and teh three elements of these arts are, first, line, that is space division or proportion and line direction, second, dark and light or tone contrasts, and third, color. The Greeke and Italians reached the highest pinnacle of line beauty and space ever known.

Some notable examples of the great use of dark and light are Rembrandt's etchings, Corot's landscapes, Japanese prints, and etchings by Frank Brangwyn, Persian ruge of the best period and Chinese porcelains and paintings.

COLORS OF CHINA

Among the greatest examples of line beauty and perfection are the Temples of Luxor, The Parthenon and Giotto's tower in Florence.

The Orientals have been the greatest colorists in many respects, but the Venetians were the supreme colorists of Europe. The work of the Byzantines were a mixture of Oriental and Occidental color and line. It has been said by some critics that China has forgotten more about color harmony than any other country ever knew.

India has reached almost unsurpassed heights in both color and architecture, for example the Taj Mahal. The Persians excelled in the exquisite beauty and colors of their old rugs.

Mrs. Stockton's lecture was illustrated by many beautiful slides showing line spacing, types of Gothic architecture, Giotto's tower, the Winged Victory of Samothrace and figures showing the powerful lines of Michael Angelo. There were other slides showing the beauty of the architecture employed in the making of some of the bridges of China.

In The Mixed Court

Two Chinese were charged in the Mixed Court yesterday with robbing a pawn shop at 147 Fokien Road, the night of November 14, when clothing and jewelry to the value of $1,500 were taken. A Chinese woman, residing in Frenchtown, was also charged with receiving part of the stolen goods. The case was remanded for one week.

• • •

Chinese Constable No. 1079 on North Szechuen Road, stopped a man in his ricsha in the early morning Wednesday and asked what he was carrying. At the police station it was found that in addition to a bundle of clothing not his own he had a record of four previous convictions. Soon a Chinese living at 12a Seward Road arrived and identified the articles as those stolen from him. The result was a charge of burglary and a sentence in the Mixed Court yesterday for three months to be followed by expulsion.

• • •

Four men were expelled from the Settlement by order of the Mixed Court yesterday because, when they were found loitering in the early morning in an alleyway off North Chengtu Road they said they lived on that thoroughfare. The policeman demanded to be led to their homes and they were unable to find them.

• • •

Folix Malinberg, a Finnish sailor, was sentenced to two months by the Mixed Court yesterday for unlawfully having a pistol in his possession and firing it on Broadway to the disquiet of the neighborhood. Permission was given him to depart aboard a Greek vessel that his friends state will employ him.

• • •

Two opium dens were found in the same house, when the police raided 5 Kiangse Road Wednesday night. It was more than they had figured upon with the result that seven men were arrested in one, most of those in the other escaped. The proprietor of the first place was sentenced in the Mixed Court yesterday to $30 or 30 days and the second to $15 or two weeks. Eight men taken as habitues of the two places were called upon to pay $3 each or go to jail for three days.

• • •

A Chinese hawker accused of quarrelling with a Japanese woman, Mrs. S. Miyasaki, and of knocking her down at the Hong kew market Wednesday morning, was arraigned before the Mixed Court yesterday on a charge of assault. The case was remanded for the Japanese Assessor to hear Saturday. The woman is still in the hospital.

News Brevities

There will be a tea dance at the Columbia Country Club Sunday afternoon between 4:30 and 7:30 o'clock. Kerrey's jazz band will furnish the music.

• • •

The Ming Sung Girls' School will give a variety entertainment at the Victoria Theater Saturday night.

• • •

The tender for the Korea Maru, going to Hongkong, will leave the Customs jetty Saturday afternoon at two o'clock. The steamer will be despatched from Woosung in the evening. The tender arrives from San Francisco Saturday morning.

• • •

M. H. A. M. Lepice, formerly of French Consulate of Chengtu and now first interpreter and in charge of the consulate at Harbin, has been awarded the Legion of Honor in recognition of his service in China. He has been 13 years and eight months in China.

• • •

Dean A. J. Walker will deliver an address on the English language Wednesday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock before the members and friends of the St. George's Society in the Masonic Hall.

• • •

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Samagaga Rubber Co., Ltd., will be held at the head office, 6 Peking Road, on the afternoon of December 3 at four o'clock.

• • •

Tientsin papers record the death of Mr. C. Menga, principal of the North China Hair Preparation Laboratory, at the French Hospital on Monday, following an attack of pneumonia. He was 40 years old and came from Bari, Italy, to China in 1902. He is survived by the widow and two children.

• • •

Mr. M. H. Hunt, former Kobe agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, has been transferred to the Singapore agency where he will succeed Mr. M. H. Hunt, resigned.

• • •

One Fujimakiin, Japanese, was arrested Wednesday night by Chapei police following an altercation on Foo Tuh Li, just off the Municipal road. It is alleged that the Japanese draw a knife after an argument with a ricsha coolie.

• • •

The inquest over the body of the coolie who died as the result of knife wounds received at the Foochow Road jetty Monday was begun at the public mortuary yesterday afternoon by American Assessor Tenney. The hearing was adjourned one week to enable the police to find others of the band who were either involved in the fight or were witnesses. The three men accused will also have their hearing on Thursday, by order of the Mixed Court yesterday The charge of assault will probably be changed to one more serious.

• • •

Zing Tsaung-zee, a tailor, went to jail yesterday for three weeks, by order of the Mixed Court, because he was having direct purchases of Whiteaway Laidlaw and Company dry-goods that the firm knew anything about. Mr. J. A. Gunn, assistant manager, said the firm is troubled frequently with tailors inducing Whiteaway Laidlaw employes to steal for them, and then buying from the thief at a greatly reduced price.

• • •

Two Chinese who undertook to bully a visitor to the New World Wednesday night were sentenced to three months each by the Mixed Court yesterday. The complainant, Woo Moh-nyi, said that they attempted to search him on the claim that he was a pickpocket and, when he resisted, snatched $6 out his hand. In Court the two accused stuck to their pickpocket story but Mr. D. C. Conduit testified that the complainant was much respected, having been a salesman for the B.A.T. for 18 years.

• • •

Kewpie prizes attracted the biggest prize dance crowd last night that has yet been seen at the Carlton. Every lady received a kewpie doll before the evening was over. The competition for prizes held as much zest as ever for the awards started with kewpies of huge size, decreasing gradually with each number as the evening advanced. The dolls were attractively attired in sashes of red, blue, green and other bright silks and suitably ribboned for hanging up. The result was that while many of the winners chose to mark their particular chair with a guardian doll, others, particularly those with the 24-inch size dolls, insisted upon dancing with kewpies hanging around their partners' necks.

• • •

The 'Living Buddha of Chiangchia, who has been here as guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Hardoon, left here for Nanking yesterday. He was accompanied by Lieutenant-General Shih Pao, his military adjutant and a number of influential buddist priests.

HRD ON THE CHILDRENA

The changes of season are trying periods for babies and young children. With one day warm and bright and the next day wet and chilly the little ones are especially liable to colds, cramp and colic.

It is of great importance at these dangerous seasons to look after the baby's stomach, neglect being so liable to lead to serious results. The digestion must be kept in good order, the bowels must be kept regular, if the little one's health and progress are to be safeguarded, and for this purpose there is nothing so good as Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy. These pleasant-tasting little Tablets sweeten the stomach, regulate the bowels, break up colds and make baby thrive. They are guaranteed and this guarantee is backed by a Government Analyst's certificate to contain not the slightest particle of opiate, narcotic, or other injurious drug, and to be equally harmless and helpful to the youngest infant as to the child of 8 years old and more.

Baby's Own Tablets have been successfully used for years in Canada, the United States and elsewhere as a remedy for infantile indigestion, colic, constipation, simple fever, diarrhoea, colds and worms. They make teething easy, quickly bring natural soothing sleep to pain-racked infants and prove their efficacy from the first dose. Obtainable from chemists, also from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Roads, Shanghai, at 60 cents the vial, post free.

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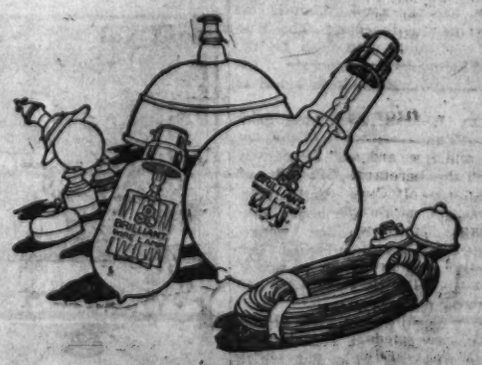

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SPORTS — Latest News of Athletic World — GOSSIP

FIRST PAPER HUNT SATURDAY, NOV. 29

Club At Annual Meeting Re-elects Mr. F. W. Potter As Master

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai Paper Hunt Club was held at the grand stand of the Shanghai Race Club yesterday afternoon. A good percentage of the members were present and also the following stewards of the Club: Messrs. H. Martin Little, G. Grayrigge, M. O. Springfield, and B. D. F. Beith. Owing to the absence of Mr. F. W. Potter, the master, Mr. H. Martin Little, the next senior steward, acted as chairman.

In a short address the acting chairman described the work that the stewards carried out in the country for the last paper hunt season. Their efforts were, however, greatly marred by the excessive rains of last winter, he said. The speaker expressed the hope that the coming months would be vastly better and that the members of the Paper Hunt Club would have many pleasant rides across country.

As chairman he proposed a vote of thanks to Messrs. G. R. Burkill and G. L. Wilson for the great interest they have shown in the Paper Hunt paddock on Great Western Road. The paddock with its jumps has proven of great use to members, he said. The meeting adopted the motion unanimously.

In his speech the chairman referred to the attitude of the country people. The club, he said, will probably have to expend a larger appropriation upon good lines of jumps and bridges.

As regards the war memorial of the Club, the chairman informed the members that Mr. G. L. Wilson has taken the approved design for a monument to London to be executed by a well known sculptor. The stewards have in view an excellent site for the memorial, he said.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the Club's honorary auditor, Mr. R. C. B. Fennell.

On proposal of the chairman the accounts of the past season were passed unanimously.

Mr. John Johnstone proposed and Mr. T. G. Drakeford seconded a resolution to elect the following stewards for the season 1919-1920: Messrs. F. W. Potter, A. W. Burkill, G. Grayrigge, E. Martin Little, M. O. Springfield, W. G. Wilson and B. F. D. Beith. Mr. F. W. Potter was re-elected master of the club.

It was announced that the first paper hunt of the season will probably take place on Saturday, November 29. Subscriptions and nomination fees for ponies should be sent as soon as possible to Mr. R. H. Newman, secretary, care of the Shanghai Horse Bazaar.

A hearty vote of thanks to the chairman ended the proceedings.

SCHOOL BOXERS WIN TITLES TODAY

Final Events In Championship Contests Scheduled For This Afternoon

Final events in the Shanghai Public School boxing contests are to take place this afternoon at the School Hall. The events will begin at three o'clock.

The finals will be in four classes. Siemsen (Maj.) will meet Schneider for the lightweight championship. Misiia will be matched with Weill for the featherweight title. Johannson and Symington, batams, will meet. And Nobleston (Maj.) and Wobleston (Min.) will battle for the fly-weight honors.

Mr. G. H. Parkes, the trainer, will officiate as master of ceremonies. Captain Llewellyn Jones, M.C., will serve as referee. The judges are to be Mr. E. H. Gilson and Mr. C. E. Shepherd. The timekeeper is to be Captain P. W. Bennett, of the school staff.

Junior Golf Club

Entries are still being taken by the secretary of the Shanghai Junior Golf Club for the qualifying contest Sunday in which the eight highest will be chosen for the Club championship. Names may be entered any time today on the Club notice board or sent to the secretary. The conditions of the qualifying play Sunday are 36 holes, medal play.

Messrs. Edwin J. Dingle and G. Burton Sayer are announced as the joint editors of a new weekly review, "China and Far East Finance and Commerce" to commence publication the first week in January. It will be devoted to the commercial and economic development of China and Allied interests in the Far East. The editorial offices will be at 6 Kiukiang Road.

Hod Eller's Shine Ball Gives Reds Fifth Victory

Nine White Sox Batters Are Shut Out By Hurler

Lefty Williams For Chicago Allows Only Four Hits But Cincinnati Takes Game, Starting Slaughter In Sixth Inning: Score 5 To 0

Chicago, October 6.—"Hod" Eller, with a shine ball that sizzled, turned the White Sox back to White Rabbits today and shut them out by a score of 5 to 0. Not only did he have the alabaster bunnies blinking with bewilderment, but he started the drive of the Reds in the sixth inning that sent the rabbits into squealing confusion.

"Hod," who was christened Horace by loving parents who never foresaw that the exigencies of the national pastime would cause him to be known by the shorter and more virile monicker of "Hod," struck out nine of the White Sox batters—the batters who, the figures showed—batted twenty points better than the Reds. He justified the prediction of Mathewson that he had more "stuff" than any pitcher of the series.

Eller worked like a new iron man. The watchers in the galleries predicted that no human could stand the pace that he set for himself, but he lasted it through. Only in the ninth did he seem to weaken, when Weaver smashed a triple to right, but he kept Jackson's drive to the infield.

"Lefty" Williams pitched a steady and wonderful game, allowing only four hits, but Eller had the White Sox whipped when he had six of their best hitters striking out in a row in the second and third innings, as he methodically rubbed the ball against his right thigh and shot them over. "Hod" yielded three scattered hits.

'SHINE' BALL DECEPTIVE

Those Sox have slaughtered nearly every pitcher in the American League at different times. They have straightened out curved balls; they have plastered fast ones; they have even foiled the spitters. But that streaky, shined pellet that was whizzed past them by "Hod" baffled and bewildered.

Eller won the game this afternoon. When he came to bat in the sixth the ears of the White Rabbits were up, listening intently. The noise that smote their ears was the crack of Eller's bat. He caught a straight one from the nervous Claude Williams and he drove it to far center. Eller trotted rather leisurely to second. He would have stayed there as Felsch started the ball to the infield, but Risberg, who was champing about the infield, but Risberg, who was champing about the infield sharing the team's bewilderment, pawed at the ball as it went by him.

Cicotte did this Saturday, and it was fatal. It hurt some today, too, for it gave Eller a chance to reach third with nobody out. Pat Moran, beaming with glee, picked up a sweater and covered the form of his pitcher at the bag. He muttered some paternally loving words into his ear at the same time, then resumed his station at third base. Williams got wilder and wilder. You could sense somehow that the morale of the Sox had gone for the day and for the series.

It was up to Rath, who had done nothing in particular to date. He took the chance for glory as Moran muttered soothingly to him, and he drove the ball for a clean single to right scoring Eller.

WILLIAMS LOSES CONTROL

Jake Daubert then sent Rath to second with a perfect sacrifice. Williams was wild and peevish when Groh came up. Heine walked. By this time both Williams and Schalk were growling at Umpire Rigler.

Officially Roush is the hero of what happened next, but in reality there was no hero. There was a "goat" and his name is Felsch. They used to call him "Happy" Felsch, but he will be dubbed Felsch the Unhappy from this time on.

Roush straightened out one of Williams's curves and it volplaned over center field. There was plenty of time to get under it and Felsch did get under it. The ball struck his out-stretched hands and it seemed to be over. But just as the Chicagoans started to scream with relief the ball bounded right out of the eager hands. Rath came in and Groh followed him.

The relay from Felsch came to Ray Schalk just as Groh shot across. Schalk slapped the ball to his shoulder but too late. Rigler spread down his palms to indicate that Rath had scored.

Squealing and dancing in rage, Schalk struck out at the umpire, who ducked with speed and discretion. Ball players came pouring out of the dugouts and out on the field. Kid Gleason came up wrathy and white, but he regained his self-possession quickly.

SCHALK STARTS NEAR-RIOT

Jimmy Ring, who got to the edge of the circle that had formed about the plate, started to chatter at Schalk. Schalk reached back and threw his mask at the Red pitcher, but Rigler broke the force of the throw. By this time many hands had hold of Schalk and the impending riot was stopped.

Rigler ordered Schalk out of the game. The little catcher, still stamping in a blind rage, squealed an angry protest, but Gleason led him to the dugout. Lynn finished up the game.

The run which the Reds scored in the ninth was started when Eddie Collins, the fast and faultless until this series started, booted one from Roush. A base on balls, a sacrifice and an infield out did the rest.

It is now quite apparent that the White Sox are not going to break out hitting, this year and in this series. They face Ruether again when they line up at Redland Field tomorrow—Ruether the Ruthless destroyer of White Rabbits.

Predicting has been bad business during this series, but it looks as though the thing ought to wind up in the Rhineland, where it stated, about tomorrow or the day after. It was the pitching of Horace Eller from the bank of the Wabash, where Wa'al Bill Rariden watches his waving corn fields, that did it today. Three hits were allowed by Eller, from the banks of the Wabash, and he has the strike-out record for a world's series game.

Before the game there were all sorts of rumors concerning Hod, the new iron man from the Wabash. One of these rumors was to the effect that his arm was sore. If he can pitch that way with a sore arm, it is lucky that he didn't come in with a well soupbone. He would have caused Kid Gleason to leave his woes behind from a sudden stroke of apolexy.

Also it was said that Hod got nervous in a pinch. If Eller is nervous then the placid pyramids have been suffering from neurasthenia of a violent sort all these centuries.

The hall of fame now being constructed at Cincinnati promises to be a bit crowded already. But Eller has got to have a room and bath in it, while the memory of this season lasts.

The bugs are now scattering for the trains to Cincinnati. Chicago has ceased to worry over the world's series. The interest was in a comatose state this morning. This afternoon rigor mortis followed the sixth inning.

While the Reds were going through their preliminary unkinking Herr August Herrmann's little German band paraded the field solemnly playing "O Tannenbaum." Grantland Rice and a few other Southerners rose and uncovered reverently under the impression that it was "Maryland, My Maryland."

Comiskey's band retorted with a dress parade march of the 5th Infantry, U. S. A. The march always threw the 5th Infantry out of step and it seems to be doing the same thing for the White Sox in this series. The inmates of Chicago gathered early and stuffed the bleachers, but it seemed that most of the floating population that has been drawn along in the wake of the series had been swirled away yesterday and floated to other parts. Tickets for the grandstands could be bought at par this morning.

The outfield was a bit soggy, but the infield was dry and fast. Eddie Roush skidded a couple of times during the practice in center field. The Sox came on moodily and the damp and clammy day of rest seemed to hang a few more furrows on the wrinkled brow of William Gleason.

While the athletes were disporting a female washtub athlete was stringing out the Monday wash on a back porch just beyond the left field fence. Part of the wash consisted of a pair of white sox somewhat frayed and frazzled, but spotless. This was taken as an omen of good fortune for the Sox.

A SLIGHT ERROR HERE

Just before the game began a telegraph messenger started to page Connie Mack. There must be some benighted sections of the country where they still believe that Connie Mack can be found at a world series. This ignorance of current history is terrible.

At the playing of "The Star Spangled Banner," Patrick Moran, with his dome bared, looked like a flaming red blaze of triumph.

It began to look a bit ominous for the Reds as early as the first inning. Eller passed Liebold. Eddie Collins plastered one to Kopf, who made the throw to first just a whisker ahead of the runner, Liebold taking second. Weaver sent a hit oozing right through Eller's glove.

This brought up the heavy artillery of Gleason—Jackson and Felsch. The shoeless one lifted a high fly to Groh. "Hap" Felsch, with his first chance to swing on the ball with sincerity and something depending upon him, lifted one into the eager hands of Pat Duncan.

Claude "Lefty" Williams, whose wildness gave the second game to the Reds, passed the first man in the first inning, but by the time the second was reached he had the range and control. Duncan and Neale thought so; they struck out most vehemently.

Eller, also seemed anxious at the start, but he rubbed the ball pensively on his breeches. In the second inning he struck out Gandil, Risberg and Schalk. Eller's visibility seemed to be exceedingly low.

In the third inning the Reds failed to get the ball out of the infield. Williams, who had run amuck at the Rhineland, seemed to be the coolest person in the lot. Young Eller continued to rub the ball on his breeches in the Sox half of the third. This time he struck out Williams, Liebold and Eddie Collins, making it six strike-outs in a row.

This was the first time that anything like that ever happened in a world series. Eller struck out Collins after three balls had been called on him. The crowd gasped. It was startling, but could it continue? The experts shook their heads gloomily. No human arm could stand the strain that young Eller was putting upon his, they declared.

Roush got as far as second in the fourth when Risberg fumbled his grounder. He stole when Schalk let one go by him, but there he stopped in his tracks. Pat Duncan lifted one to Jackson, making the third out and putting a bomb into the supersitition that the Reds might crash through in the fatal fourth.

Eller held the gruelling pace through the fifth inning. Weaver poked one down harmlessly to the pitcher. Jackson, after some earnest swings, went out the same way. Then Felsch, heralded as a wrecker of ball games, struck out. The heavy artillery of the Sox looked foolishly impotent at this point. Eller continued to shine the ball on his right thigh.

Kopf started the fifth for the Reds with a smash to center, but Neale, after a couple of ineffectual attempts to sacrifice, forced Kopf. Neale was nailed by Schalk's throw when he tried to steal and Wa'al Bill Rariden's out left him on the bases.

With two out in the Sox half Schalk got a clean hit to left, but Williams struck out, the eighth strike out to the credit of Eller.

The crash and the tumult came in the sixth just as the gutteral Cincinnati cheers that greeted Eller's time at bat began to subside. Eller cracked the ball to center and Felsch started to run backward. The ball just eluded his outstretched hands while Eller sped on to second. Felsch started the relay to third and it might have arrived but Risberg reached for it nervously and deflected it as Cicotte deflected the peg on Saturday. The ball rolled toward the stands and Eller dashed on to third.

Pat Moran seized a sweater and dashing over to third pulled it over the wonderful young pitcher's shoulders. Patrick's gestures were as tender as those of a father wrapping up his first infant.

Rah, who had done nothing of a spectacular nature in the series to date, slashed a hit to right and Eller scored with the first run of the game. Jacob Daubert laid down a short bunt and sent Rath to second. Williams began to get wild again and passed Heinie der Groh.

Eddie Roush hoisted one to center field. Felsch ran back and got the ball in his hands. But just as the Chicago fans were bursting into cheers of relief the ball popped right out of "Hap's" digits. Rath dashed on across the plate and Groh followed in his wake, Roush reaching third. The relay came to Schalk, who tagged Groh just as he slid across. Rigler waved him safe.

Schalk squealed with rage and made a pass at Rigler, who deftly ducked the punch. Jimmy Ring hopped over to the scene of the battle and began to chatter like a magpie. Schalk threw his mask at Ring, but Rigler managed to deflect it. By this time all of the Reds and the Sox were pouring out of their burrows, and it looked as though anybody might get into the melee.

Officially the blow of Roush is recorded as a three-bagger. It was just a muff to the majority of those who saw it, a muff that cinched the game for the Reds against about as good pitching as the Sox have received.

SCHALK ORDERED FROM GAME

Rigler immediately ordered Schalk from the field and Lynn went in behind the bat. At this the Chicago contingent moaned a little, then snarled a great deal. Pat Duncan lifted a long fly to Jackson and Roush scored the fourth run.

In the eighth inning Eddie Murphy went in to bat for Williams, but just batted and nothing more. "Irksome" Mayer was elected to act as pall bearer for the White Rabbits.

In the ninth the Bunnies were so badly disconcerted that Eddie Collins booted a tap by Roush. Duncan got a base on balls from "Irksome" and Kopf sent both of them along on a sacrifice. Roush scored on the hit and run, while Risberg threw out to Neale.

Complete Score Of Fifth Game

CINCINNATI

	AB	R	H	A	E
Rath, 2b	3	1	1	3	0
Daubert, 1b	2	0	0	0	0
Groh, 3b	3	1	0	2	0
Rousch, cf	4	2	1	0	0
Duncan, lf	2	0	0	0	0
Kopf, ss	3	0	1	4	0
Neale, rf	4	0	0	0	0
Rariden, c	4	0	0	0	0
Eller, p	3	1	1	2	0
Totals	28	5	4	11	0

CHICAGO

	AB	R	H	A	E
Liebold, rf	3	0	0	0	0
E. Collins, 2b	4	0	0	2	1
Weaver, 3b	4	0	2	2	0
Jackson, lf	3	0	0	0	0
Felsch, cf	3	0	0	0	1
Gandil, 1b	3	0	0	1	0
Risberg, ss	3	0	0	2	1
Schalk, c	2	0	1	2	0
Lynn, c	1	0	0	0	0
Williams, p	2	0	0	0	0
Mayer, p	0	0	0	0	0
*Murphy	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	0	3	9	3

*Batted for Williams in the eighth inning.

Cincinnati 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 1—5
Chicago 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Bases on balls—Off Williams, 2; off Eller, 1. Struck out—By Williams, 3; by Eller, 9. Passed ball—Schalk. Left on bases—Chicago, 3; Cincinnati, 2. Umpires—Behind the plate, Rigler (N. L.); at first, Evans (A. L.); at second, Quigley (N. L.); at third, Nallin (A. L.).

Heine Groh Scoring For Cincinnati Reds In Fifth Game Of Series

Groh safe at home in fifth game. INTERNATIONAL.

HARRIERS RUN TOMORROW

The members of the Shanghai Harriers Club will have a training run of about five miles in the Kiangwan district tomorrow afternoon, starting from the Club's headquarters, 3 Kiangwan Road, at three o'clock.

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LATE HOUR ENDS WRESTLING BOUT WITHOUT FALL

Berne And Masked Unknown Put On Fastest Match Ever Seen Here

ALL FIGHTS ARE GOOD

Noor Mahomed Is Disqualified For Mixing In Contest With Red Mask

After one hour and 45 minutes of the fastest wrestling that the seen, Captain Llewellyn Jones, sportsmen of Shanghai have ever M.C., the referee, called the match between William Berne, and the Masked Unknown at the Olympic Theater last night, or, rather, early this morning, without either contestant having won a fall. The theater's license provides for 12 o'clock closing and the match had gone to 12.45 o'clock before the referee stopped it.

A well filled house greeted the wrestlers in the main event and the boxers and wrestlers who put on the preliminaries. For the most part the crowd was interested and good natured but excitement prevailed at times to an extent that, in one instance, caused the referee to threaten to call off the match if better order were not maintained.

BOTH FAST WRESTLERS

The Masked Unknown, a Frenchman, had many partisans in the house and his lightning speed and marvelous speed, together with his slighter build, won him salvos of applause as time after time, apparently facing defeat, he broke his opponent's hold and re-entered the contest with fresh vigor.

Berne, too, was warmly supported and his clean sportsmanship in several instances where the Frenchman, unable to understand English, violated a ruling of the referee won him many new admirers.

That the match was a clean-cut sporting contest without a suspicion of fraud was evident from the outset. The men worked like Trojans for a fall and throughout the bout was filled with breath-taking situations. Berne's herculean strength and the amazing agility of the Unknown were the outstanding features.

At the finish the men were both going strong and it is not beyond the bounds of possibility that if the match had not been stopped the three and a half hour records set by some of the great wrestlers of a decade past would have been equalled, if not broken.

GOOD BOXING BOUTS

Three boxing preliminaries were carded but Noor Mahomed, billed to wrestle "The Red Mask," turned the bout into a scrap and was disqualified for fighting. But the Indian can be pardoned because he does not know English.

It seems that he agreed to the toe hold but after the masked one had held his toe for a time and Mahomed had broken the hold, the Indian started pounding his opponent's back. Captain Jones had no other alternative than disqualification. But Charles Margelis announced that the Indian was not at fault although deserving disqualification and presented him with a silver medal "for being a good sport."

The boxing bout between Kid O'Brien and Young Chester was a hummer. The pair went four fast rounds to a good draw. Jim Flynn shot a straight left to Young Ketchell's jaw and followed with a right uppercut that sent Ketchell to sleep in the first round of what was scheduled as a four-session mixup. Ketchell was outweighed more then 30 pounds but was as game as could be. Murray Smith won from Joe Cooper in three lazy rounds.

More Support For Whizzbang's Club Asked At Meeting

Special Appeal To Be Made To Members To Build Up Organisation

Mr. G. M. Jamieson, President, supported by Messrs. Jones, Hon. Secretary, and Latimer, Hon. Treasurer and Messrs. Ferris, Falconer and Cheeseman committeemen, of the Whizzbang's Sports Club, met yesterday evening in the Palace Hotel to discuss the progress the club had made since its inauguration.

Mr. Jamieson in his remarks expressed surprise that members had not given their moral as well as financial support after their apparent keeness when the club was first formed. He said there was apparently too much apathy evident and he made a special appeal to those members present, numbering about fifty percent of the club's roll, to get together and instil into the others, who left things to the few, to come along, do their bit and play the game.

Mr. Jamieson said that with good support the club, since it has been affiliated with the United Services Association, should not only be a sports club but a social affair as well.

Mr. Reader Harris said if a circular was penned over Mr. Jamieson's signature more attention would be given to the Committee's appeals and it was decided that this should be done.

The meeting terminated after a vote of thanks had been moved to the chairman for his energies on the club's behalf.

Saturday Club Meets Tomorrow At Carlton

Mr. Charles W. Wood And Mr. G. S. Foster Kemp To Be Speakers

Two speakers are announced for the first meeting of the Saturday Club this season, which will be held at the Carlton Cafe tomorrow at 12:15.

Mr. Charles W. Wood of the New York World will talk on "China as a World Power." The other speaker will be Mr. G. S. Foster Kemp on "Education in China."

Reservations are made with the secretary, Mr. G. A. Fitch and members are urged to bring guests. The meeting will close not later than 1:50 p.m.

Typhus Sweeping Kolchak's Army

(Continued from Page 1)

Serbian troops in this locality. He said yesterday:

ARCHANGEL USED AS BASE

"Archangel was used as the base from which all operations were directed. The Allies had $35,000,000 worth of stores here, which consisted mainly of food, ammunition and wearing apparel. The foodstuffs were flour, bacon and large quantities of fats, as the intense cold of this country necessitates the constant use of fatty foods. The Americans were distributed over a line that was eight hundred miles long, and their principle duties were the protection of these stores and repulsing the Bolsheviks.

"It was a tremendously difficult task to keep the men along this line well supplied, as all transportation was done by sleigh. Convoys of sleighs, each sleigh carrying seven to eight hundred pounds of supplies, left Archangel daily for different points along the line. Only one horse was needed to a sleigh as the Russian ponies are unusually powerful and almost tireless. It took a convoy from two weeks to a month to make the round trip, according to the distance, and the roughness of the country. As a rule the sleighs returned empty, but at certain seasons of the year, they came back with loads of hay.

MIDNIGHT BASEBALL

"For three months the sun never sets in Archangel, and there have been times when the American troops have had games of baseball at midnight. Plant life has evidently adjusted itself to the condition here, as during the short summer grains, flowers and trees mature quickly, and large crops of grains of various kinds are gathered late in August. During July it is hot enough for swimming in the Dvina. In September the real winter begins again, until in December the only indication they have that there is such a thing as the sun, is a faint streak of light along the horizon.

"Stationed with the English troops were a company of Sikhs. One of the rules of their faith is that they shall not eat their evening meal until after the setting of the sun. This caused great complications during the three months time when the sun never sets, as it forced the Sikhs to live on two meals a day until finally they became so weakened that the English officers wired to the London War Office. They in turn cabled to India and received special dispensation from a High Priest, permitting the Sikhs to eat without waiting for the setting of the sun."

ADMIRATION FOR RUSSIA

Major Lively, during his sojourn in Russia came to know the Russians as few foreigners ever have, and his knowledge of the Russian character makes him regard them with much admiration. He says that they are extremely hospitable and that in most instances very kind. He says they have fought for so many years now that many of the men have come to desire military life as the loot received is valuable. A real leader of power and imagination who could inspire the Russians with the desire for a stable government would be the saviour of the country, he said. They are animated, energetic, industrious and very brave, but in former days vodka took a tremendous toll of the moral character of the men but it is not available now and with the help of the women of Russian the nations can count on her ultimate slavation.

The Allies have now evacuated Archangel and as Major Lively is tremendously interested in the welfare of the Russians, he has decided to join the forces in Eastern Siberia. He has made the trip by way of London, Paris, Marseilles and Shanghai. He feels that the Russians need and deeply appreciate everything that has been done for them. As there are approximately 8,500 American soldiers in Eastern Siberia now who are stretched over a line of about 4,000 miles, Major Lively does not know just where he will be stationed. At the end of a years' service up there, he expects to return to the United States.

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
$3 per hour $1 20-minutes
77 ROUTE VALLON

China Political Notes From Chinese Papers

The Cabinet has telegraphically instructed General Li Hao-chi, Tuchun of Fukin, to check further developments in the Foochow brawl between the Chinese and Japanese. He is also instructed to gather together all available evidence in order to enable the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to deal with the Japanese Legation.

Mr. Hsia Chi-chuen, the new Salt Commissioner for Shantung, is planning to check the importation of Japanese salt into his province. He approached the Salt Administration for methods Monday.

Parliament's attitude toward the new Cabinet nominees is still firm. At a conference with the President and the Premier, General Tuan Chi-jui said as there is popular disapproval of Chow Tse-chi, it would be futile to insist on his appointment. Premier Chin has consented to nominate Li Shih-hao in his place.

General Wu Ping-hsiang, commander of the Peking Constabulary, has asked for further leave of absence on account of his indisposition.

The resignation of General Chiang Kwei-ti, Tartar-General of Jehol, is expected to be accepted. The Joint Bureau of the General Staff and the Ministry of War is planning to reorganise the troops in Jehol.

French Club Plans Three Attractions Early Next Month

Drama, Comedy And Dance To Be Given Evening Of December 6

A theatrical performance and dance will be the attractions at the Cercle Sportif Francais on Saturday evening, December 6, according to an announcement made yesterday by the committee.

The performance, which is to begin in the club ball room at 9 o'clock, is to include a two-act drama, "The Man Who Has Seen A Devil," and a one-act comedy, "Dozule."

The attendance has been limited to 350. All seats are numbered and the plan of seating is in the hands of the secretary of the club.

A cold supper will be served at midnight.

Non-members of the club can obtain tickets only through invitation of a member.

Recruits For Police Arrive This Morning

Thirty-nine recruits for the Shanghai Municipal Police Department will arrive from London this morning accompanied by two former members of the department returning from war service. The returning soldiers are Sergeant M. O'Regan and Constable T. G. Coyne.

The recruits will be given a short course of training at the Gordon Road Depot and will then be assigned to stations for completion of the training.

AMERICAN WOMAN'S CLUB

The Literary Department of the American Woman's Club will visit an exhibition of Chinese art objects tomorrow afternoon. Members will meet at the corner of Avenue Joffre and Avenue Dubail at 2:45 o'clock. Members with cards who are unable to go are urged to advise Mrs. W. G. Hiltner, phone N 1607, as early as possible.

Universal Suffrage Sought By Chinese

(Continued from Page 1)

nominate any duly qualified person for election as a member of the Council. All such nominations shall be sent in writing, with, the signature of the proposer and the seconder, as also the Candidates written assent to serve, before the time appointed for the election these shall be sent to the election commitee appointed by the Council to receive such nomination.

"On the day after the expiration of the time allowed for sending the nomination, the existing council shall cause a list of the ratepayers proposed for election to be advertised in the public journals, and shall likewise cause this list to be exhibited thenceforward, in public places and in the Chinese and foreign newspapers until the day of election.

"A committee of six appointed by the Council shall specially attend to the election and attend at the place appointed to receive the votes of the ratepayers. The committee shall be provided with a list of all the ratepayers duly qualified to vote and shall give to each such ratepayer as may be present or may require it, a voting card, or paper containing a list of the ratepayers proposed for election.

"The voter shall then make a circle on such voting lists over the names of any number of persons, not exceeding fifteen, for whom he intends to vote, and shall deposit the list signed by himself with his own name so marked, in a closed box provided for the purpose of receiving such list.

VOTERS' QUALIFICATIONS

"The polls shall remain open for two consecutive days, from 9 o'clock in the morning to 5 o'clock in the afternon. Immediately upon the close of the poll, twelve scrutineers appointed by the Council shall open the box or boxes, examine the votes and declare the names of 15 ratepayers who have the greatest number of votes, and who shall thereupon be considered duly elected as the council for the ensuing municipal year.

"Every Chinese or foreigner, residing in the Settlement and having the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote in the election of the said members of the council and at the public meetings:

A. Being an owner of land of not less than Tls. 500 in value.

B. Whose annual payment of assessment on land or house or both, exclusive of all payments in respect of licenses, shall amount to the sum of Tls. 10 and upwards, or

C. Being a householder paying on an assessed rental of not less than Tls. 500 per annum and upwards.

TAXES MUST BE PAID

Every Chinese or foreigner, residing in the Settlement and having the following qualifications, shall be entitled to be elected to be a councillor:

A. Whose payment of annual assessment, exclusive of licences, shall amount to Tls. 50, or

B. Who is a householder paying on an assessed rental of Tls. 1200 per annum.

Provided no one shall vote or be elected unless he has paid all taxes due and paid said taxes in his own name.

A company, firm or hong may not have more than one vote.

A list of persons duly qualified to vote, according to the regulations to which these articles are appended, shall be kept at the office of the Council, and such list shall be revised and corrected by the council on the first day of December of each year and published for the information of the public. Any application for correction shall be made in writing within ten days after the publication.

Foch And Petain Pay Visit To Metz And See Ceremony

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—Marshals Foch and Petain arrived at Metz this morning. A ceremony in honor of the men of Metz who fell for France took place at Metz today, which is the anniversary of the entry of the French troops into the city.

"ROBERT"

"ROBERT"
DIAMONDS, PEARLS, PRECIOUS STONES, ANTIQUES AND CURIOS.
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Re-modelled and Re-furnished
A Strictly First-Class Family Hotel, at Moderate Rates
Satisfactory Home with Excellent Service and Superior Cuisine
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OF
RUBBER
SUCTION-SOLED
BASKET BALL SHOES
Specially Suitable for
HARD COURT TENNIS
SQUIRES BINGHAM CO.
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Telephone Central 70.

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No matter how appetizing some of the things about which we tell you in our ads may seem to be, a personal inspection at our store will convince you that they are even more appetizing than their names imply.

Make it a point to drop in and see for yourself!

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Have in stock
CAMERON BOILER FEED PUMPS
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Telegrams: "GENLECTRIC" Shanghai.

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We offer for immediate delivery from our stocks in Shanghai large quantities of:
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We solicit your enquiries for steel and iron products, shipbuilding machinery and materials, paper, chemicals, lumber, and manufactured goods.
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Branches: Copenhagen, Christiania, Elsinore, New York, Portland, San Francisco, Seattle.
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Business and Official - - Notices - -

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid.

Replies must be called for

Cents a Word (Minimun Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1919

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

59th MEETING
29th November, 1919.
(Saturday)

First Saddling Bell at 1.00 p.m. Sharp.

ATTENTION TO MEMBERS.

Entries for all events close at 7 p.m. on Friday, 21st November, 1919, at the Club House, 126 Bubbling Well Road.

Entry Forms may be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

By Order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.
26420

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

59TH MEETING
29th November, 1919
(Saturday)

First Saddling Bell at 1.00 p.m. Sharp.

NOTICE

The order of the Races for the above Meeting will be as follows:—

1. The C.G.R. Race
2. The Grand Stand Steeplechase
3. The Blackrock Maiden Plate
4. The Kiangwan St. Leger
5. The Members' Plate
6. The November Selling Plate
7. The Kiangwan Challenge Cup
8. The Hermitage Handicap.

By Order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.
26495

CODE BOOK

Western Union 5 Letters
Latest Edition Weight 10 Pound
Price $40.00
Bentley's Complete Phrase Code
New Edition Price $20.00
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26150

Modern Dancing

A class for tuition in Ball Room dances will be conducted by

Paul Nijinsky

at

The Burlington Hotel

Tuesday and Friday
Commencing
at 5.30 p.m.

First class held on November 7
Terms for Eight Lessons:
Ladies $10; Gentlemen $15
Private Lessons Also Given
Apply at No. 1
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REASONABLE PRICES

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F94 Bubbling Well Road,
Opposite Race Course.
34336

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

Shanghai Race Club

7th Extra Race Meeting
Saturday, 22nd November, 1919.

The First Bell will be rung at 1.15 p.m. prompt.

Members who require new Badges are asked to notify the undersigned as soon as possible.

Grand Stand tickets giving admission to the Members' enclosure and Grand Stand may be obtained on application to the undersigned.
Price ..... $3 each.

Race Badges giving admission to the unreserved part of the Enclosure may be obtained at the Gate.
Price ..... $1 each.
There will be
One STEEPLECHASE (1st Race)
and
Seven FLAT RACES.

Teas and Refreshments will be obtainable at the Course.
For Members and Grand Stand Ticket Holders—In the Coffee Room.
For the Public—In the Public Refreshment Rooms.

The Loong-fei Gate will be closed only while a Race passes that entrance to the Public Recreation Ground.
The Public Band and the Carlton Jazz Orchestra will render popular music during the afternoon.

All Race Tickets and Badges must be worn visibly.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.
26483

Dr. R. Holper M.D.

Specialist in Venereal, Skin and Internal Diseases.
85 Szechuen Road
(Corner Nanking Road)

Office hours: 11-1 and 4-6.
Tel. North 1316.
25580

The Kailan Mining Administration

HOUSEHOLD COAL

On and after 17th November, the price will be $13 per ton delivered (Cash with Order). Application to 1 Jinkee Road Tel. Central 1115.
26329

REMOVAL

The Koster Company, Foreign Managers for the California Barrel Co., announce their removal to the New Kelly & Walsh Building, 12 Nanking Road.

Telephone Central 1122.
26477

Prof. I. K. Seto
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.
No. 85 Szechuen Road, (Corner Nanking Road), Tel. C. 2768

NOTICE

We have pleasure in announcing the opening of our Offices at

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from Monday, Nov. 17, 1919

China Pacific Commercial Co.
GENERAL
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS.
R. D. BUNN, Manager.
26365

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

[redacted]

Municipal Notification

No. 2647.
7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1919.
Price of Issue until futher notice 95 per cent.

UNDER the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent. Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent. until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 nominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
E. S. B. ROWE,
Assistant Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, August 28, 1919.
26134

NOTICE

S.S. "BENONI" FROM NEW YORK

An examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the China Merchant's Eastern Wharf on Friday, 21st instant, at 10 a.m. when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.
26493

Money Cannot Buy More

It's made a real hit, and no wonder with such a beautiful Crepe de Chine. Hand-made, pure, in its original shade, it is offered to you in one piece, ten yards long and twenty six inches wide. Makes beautiful shirts. As a present for either sex what better article could you choose? There is sufficient Crepe in the piece to make the most beautiful dresses. For women's underwear it can't be beat. Think of the memories this Crepe brings to its owner. Think of the distance from whence it comes. Think of Marco Polo, of Kublai Kahn, of Kings, Queens and Millionaires. The richest people in the world cannot buy, any finer, more pliable, silk than this Crepe de Chine. The price of twenty dollars per piece is within reach of all. Send along your cheque or Chinese postal money order, and we will at once mail you one piece of Szechwan Crepe de Chine, postage free. If you really want to be keen, send her a piece of Crepe de Chine.

WIDLER & CO.
Chungking, West China.

BLANKETS

For Sale

NEW consignment of grey wool, double blankets, size 66" x 82", weight 5 lbs. For particulars, apply Trans-Pacific Corporation, 103 Szechuen Road.
26318

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

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METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

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BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

SEE THE BABY FOX

The latest and most compact Portable Typewriter on the market. Will do the work of a standard-size machine. A combination typewriter for home, office and travel.

Specifications: Weight 7 lbs., backspacer, two-color ribbon, variable line spacer, writes 84 characters, stencil device, movable page fingers, handsome leather carrying case, outside measurements of case 12-ins. by 12-ins. by 4½-ins.

PRICE $85.00

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Guards you and your car against the annoying, troublesome and, sometimes, expensive accidents, which you are sure to meet with sooner or later.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

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AGENTS FOR THE

Amrican Manufacturers Export & Import Corporatione

wish to announce that this Department has opened show-rooms at their new building

No. 10 NANKING ROAD

and have on display a complete line of

Motors and Electrical Equipment

as well as

General Factory & Mill Machinery

R. L. STEVENS, Manager.
26418

PROTECT YOUR RECORDS

We have just received a new shipment of

THE SAFE-CABINET

THE GUARANTEED FIRE-PROOF STEEL SAFE.

Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 44A Kiangse Road.
Sole Agents for China.
26487

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

Motor Schooner "Wergeland"

Tenders invited for the above as she lies in damaged condition in Shimonoseki Harbour. For further particulars apply to Messrs Wuriu Shokwai, Shimonoseki.
26394

INTERNATIONAL TRADE DEVELOPER

Do you want foreign trade connections? We can get them for you in any country. Apply to Box 368. THE CHINA PRESS.
26371 N.26

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, 6 Foochow Road, ground floor, four very large rooms with godowns; also have to let several suites of offices, from one to four rooms, in other buildings Central district, near this office. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
26136

SITUATIONS VACANT

GOOD SALARIES paid to Mechanical Draftsmen. Demand always exceeds supply. In your own home you can qualify for good position. We also teach Ship Drafting, Metal Pattern Drafting, Structural Drafting, Illustrating, etc. Ask for catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

STENOGRAPHER, male or female, wanted by export house; must be accomplished. Reply, stating experience, references and salary expected, to Box 409, THE CHINA PRESS.
26511 N.21

LADY'S MAID WANTED, one with experience preferred; good salary. Apply to Box 406, THE CHINA PRESS.
26505 N.23

WANTED by large import and export firm, a first-class Chinese shipping clerk, thoroughly familiar with all kinds of Customs papers. Apply to Box 401, THE CHINA PRESS.
26496 N.21

WANTED: Well known American house desires the services of an expert steno-typist in a Private Secretarial capacity. Position permanent with opportunity for advancement. Salary to start, Taels 225. Replies to Box No. 340, THE CHINA PRESS.
26498 N.25

WANTED, a young man knowing Russian-English. Shanghai Public School certificate preferred. Apply to "Shanghai Life," 6 Foochow Road, 1st floor.
26475 N.21

SITUATIONS WANTED

AMERICAN, aged 26, newly arrived, a competent office man, wants position in Shanghai. A top-notch man, interested only in high-grade proposition; experienced particularly in advertising and sales correspondence. Inquire of Mr. Hill, telephone Central 3473.
26512

ACCOUNT departure for America, desire secure situation for my very reliable chauffeur; careful driver, willing worker, absolutely honest; no kumshaw. Apply Nafra Co., 1 The Bund.
26510 N.23

HIGHLY educated Chinese with a good knowledge of shorthand, codes, bookkeeping and typewriting desires immediate engagement. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 341, THE CHINA PRESS.
26480 N.21

COMPRADORESHIP wanted by a Chinese with knowledge of import and export business. Desires to enter a firm; well acquainted with all dealers. Can give security if required. Apply to Box 383, THE CHINA PRESS.
26409 N.22

AMERICAN ENGINEER offers his service for sales work. Energetic and good appearance. Has lived thirteen years in China. Apply to Box 336, THE CHINA PRESS.
26429

WANTED by experienced stenographer, position half day, either mornings or afternoons. Advertiser has own typewriter. Apply to Box 357, THE CHINA PRESS.
26344 N. 21

POSITION WANTED by American mechanical engineer, at present employed in the Philippines. Will be open for engagement on or after January 1st, 1919. Competent to superintend steel construction, steam plant, and general machinery installation. Apply to Box 361. THE CHINA PRESS.
26355 D. 14

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
Board. Residence.
Apply
Mrs. Pollock.

TO LET, with board, facing south, a large, double, newly furnished room with verandah and private bathroom, suitable for two bachelors or married couple. Excellent cuisine, all modern comforts. Apply to Box 351, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, well-furnished front room with board, suitable for married couple or two friends. Hot and cold water, telephone. Bubbling Well district. Apply to Box 405, THE CHINA PRESS.
26504

TO LET, well-furnished room, with board, in Avenue Joffre, private family. Apply to Box 404, THE CHINA PRESS.
26502 N.23

TO LET, from December 1st, furnished room with board, facing south, with verandah, in private family, 90 Carter Road.
26492 N.25

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, a furnished room in a private family, with board for two and two-years'-old baby, in Western district. Preferably facing south, with telephone and bath. Please state terms and particulars to Box 408, THE CHINA PRESS.
26509 N.23

WANTED to rent, flat, furnished or unfurnished, centrally located, as early as possible. Apply to Box 373, THE CHINA PRESS.
26479 N.21

WANTED, furnished flat, centrally located, suitable for two bachelors. Will occupy December 1st. Apply to Box 402, THE CHINA PRESS.
26500 N.22

WANTED, furnished flat, Central district. Apply to Box 396, THE CHINA PRESS.
26475 N.21

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, excellent, eight-roomed, modern residence, in Avenue Joffre, garage, tennis. For further particulars and permission to inspect, apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
26497

TO LET, 8 Route des Soeurs, excellent seven-roomed residence, modern. Apply premises for inspection; other particulars with J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
26337

TO LET, 20 Robinson Road, excellent ten-roomed residence with garage, facing Park. Rent only Taels 90. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
26137

PROFESSIONAL

LEARN ANOTHER LANGUAGE: Increase commercial opportunities, form new acquaintances, add to advantages of travel by learning another language. I.C.S. method with new Edison Phonograph and special textbooks, interesting, easy, convenient and economical. Practical conversational lessons. No tiresome memorizing of uninteresting rules. Begin conversing with first few lessons. Perfect pronunciation and unlimited practice. You will learn quickly to speak fluently, read understandingly and think logically. We teach French, Spanish and Italian. Also English to Chinese. Write for interesting catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

WANTED, a Portuguese teacher. Apply to Box 386, THE CHINA PRESS.
26413 N.23

PRIVATE French lessons to little children given by a young lady. Apply to Box 369, THE CHINA PRESS.
26373 N. 22

MATRIMONY

YOUNG lady wishes correspond with gentleman, view matrimony. No objection widower with children, or outport. Apply to Box 394, THE CHINA PRESS.
26436

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, a modern house with six rooms, in Western district. Apply to Box 400, THE CHINA PRESS.
26491 N.26

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, Indian light-twin motor-cycle, new 1919 model. A.1. running condition, only few months old. Owner leaving Shanghai. Accept $230 or nearest offer. Apply to Box 407, THE CHINA PRESS.
26506 N.23

FOR SALE, one medium-sized, handsomely mounted tiger skin. Price $65. On view one week, Chan Kee Fur Shop, A1 Szechuen Road.
26509

TYPEWRITER for sale, new Monarch, 2 colored ribbon, visible; price very moderate. Apply to Box 410, THE CHINA PRESS.
26520 N.22

FOR SALE, self-starting Ford touring car. Owner-driven, excellent condition, reliable and economical. Sound proposition. Apply to Box 402, THE CHINA PRESS.
26499 N.22

FOR SALE: Piano (Moutrie upright) slightly used. Fine toned. Owner returning U.S.A. will sell cheap while silver rate is high. Inspection at No. 14 Whangpoo Road between noon and 2 p.m.
26501 N.23

FOR SALE, Franklin six-cylinder touring car, just arrived from States and good as new. Owner returning to States. Inquire Horse Bazaar.
26485 N.23

FOR SALE: Steam heating system, complete, including boiler, 7,000 ft. surface heating capacity, 55 radiators and all accessories, cost $12,000, price in U.S. today, will sell for $5,000. All in original cases. Complete list may be seen at office of A. Lafuente, 6 Kiukiang Road.
26406 N.30

5 KW Marconi Wireless Set, absolutely new, in its original cases. Two generators, switchboard, telephones, coils and all accessories ready for installation. Cost in U.S. $13,000. Will sell for $6,000. Complete list may be seen at office of A. Lafuente, 6 Kiukiang Road. Prices quoted are c.i.f. Shanghai, all ready for immediate shipment. Posner, Carter Co., Manila, P.I. Cable address "POCARTER" Manila.
26406 N.30

FOR SALE, two International Saving Society Bonds on which three years' premium have been paid, viz. $432.00 on each. What offers? Owner leaving for home. Apply to Box 397, THE CHINA PRESS.
26476 N.21

FOR SALE, ship's chronometer and two compasses, all in good condition. Apply to Box 393, THE CHINA PRESS.
26433 N.21

FOR SALE, a 1919 "Excelsior" twin-cylinder motor-cycle, equipped with electric lamps, horn and speedometer; only run 500 miles. Willing to sell cheap. Apply to Box 390, THE CHINA PRESS.
26425 N.20

FOR SALE, Overland 5-seater motor car, just completely overhauled and painted, new tyres, guaranteed to be in perfect condition. In answering reply to Box No. 382, THE CHINA PRESS.
26407 N.23

FOR SALE, motor-boat. Vee-bottom, cedar-built, sedan runabout. 24'0" x 6'0" x 1'6". Four-cylinder, four-cycle engine, gas start and kerosine running. H. T. magneto and reverse gear. All in new condition and perfect running order. For price and trials, apply to Box No. 392, THE CHINA PRESS.
26427 N.23

PHILATELISTS: What offers for the following new issues of German stamps (unused):—Deutsches Reich—pf. 2½ (4), 7½ (4), 10 (2), 15 (2), 20 (2), 40 (2), 75 (1); Deutsche National Versammlung—pf. 10 and 25. Reply to Box 201, THE CHINA PRESS.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
23 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	New York	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	Peking	Tavoy
Hankow	Penang	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Yokohama	Tientsin
Hollo		

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

anque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudlchery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit; Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Ross Thomson, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Hollo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newct.wang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $80,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital . $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,208,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Beligique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £431,800

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,847.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Min, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Owned by
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Capital & Surplus U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $3,054,000

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Shanghai	
	Peking	
	Tientsin	
	Tsingtau	
	Hankow	
	Hongkong	
	Canton	
Manchuria	Harbin	
India	Bombay	
	Calcutta	
	Rangoon	
Japan	Yokohama	
	Kobe	
Java	Batavia	
	Soerabaya	
Philippines	Manila	
	Cebu	
Straits Settlements	Singapore	
Dominican Republic	Santo Domingo	
	San Pedro de Macoris	
	Sanchez	
	Santiago	
	Puerto Plata	
Panama	Panama	
	Colon	

Branches of
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Cuba
Buenos Aires	Artemiso
Once (Buenos Aires)	Bayamo
Rosario	Caibarien
	Camaguey
Brazil	Cardenas
Bahia	Ciego de Avila
Pernambuco	Cienfuegos
Porto Alegre	Cruces
Rio de Janeiro	Guantanamo
Santos	Havana
Sao Paulo	Manzanillo
	Matanzas
Chile	Pinar del Rio
Santiago	Placetas
Valparaiso	Remedios
	Sagua la Grande
Uruguay	Santa Clara
Montevideo	Santiago
	Sancti Spiritus
Venezuela	Union de Reyes
Caracas	Yaguajay
Maracaibo	Colombia
	Medellin
Siberia	Russia
Vladivostok	Moscow
	Petrograd
Italy	Spain
Genoa	Madrid
Porto Rico	Trinidad
San Juan	Port of Spain

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama Japan.

		Yen
Capital	Subscribed	100,000,000
"	Paid up	61,000,000
Reserve Fund		Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
Calcutta	Manila	Shimonoseki
Chanchun	Mukden	Singapore
Dairy	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Hankow	Newchwang	Sydney
Harbin	New York	Tientsin
Hongkong	Osaka	Tokio
Honolulu	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kobe	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 8[illegible] (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 1[illegible] (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders [illegible] 000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERD[illegible]
Head Agency: BATA[illegible]
Agencies in Holland
THE HAGUE and ROTT[illegible]

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontian
Cheribon	Rangoo
Djember	Semara
Djokjakarta	Singapo
Hongkong	Soerabaj
Kota-Radja	Soerakar
Langsa	Tebing-T
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Bet
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Waltevred
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.
Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.
Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

Li Ming, *Manager.*
Chen Sin Tseng, *Sub-manager.*
Zai Moh Zung, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG.
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

[illegible]e—New York City
[illegible]r the Far East, Shanghai,
[illegible]ng and Kiangse Roads.

[illegible]BRANCH OFFICES
[illegible]gsha-Hankow-Hongkong
[illegible]-Peking-Tientsin

[illegible] Corporation offers an American [illegible] respectfully solicits your patron[illegible]especially for the purpose of fostering [illegible] between the Orient and the United [illegible]rvice, information and TIME of our [illegible]rrespondents are at the disposal of [illegible] friends.

[illegible]n current, fixed and saving accounts [illegible]ican Dollars, U.S. Gold, Sterling and [illegible]

[illegible]rafts purchased at best rates, or [illegible] for collection.

Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in any part of the World.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

Owned and controlled by

The National Park Bank of New York — Union Bank of Canada

We beg to announce the opening of a Branch in Shanghai in temporary quarters at

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD

BRANCHES

SAN FRANCISCO — SEATTLE
PARIS — YOKOHAMA

DIRECTORS

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road

Capital (registered).....	$1,000,000.00
Capital (paid-up)	655,900.00
Deposits (June 30, 1919).....	5,242,000.00

Branches and Agents in all principal cities of China.

Correspondents in London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Chicago, Tokyo, Kobe and Osaka.

Your business is solicited.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
W.T.W.			Snipe	Br. gun-boat
W.T.W.			Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
M.M.B.	Aug. 18		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
1 C.	Oct. 2		Matsukaze	Jap. destroyer
E.E.M.	Oct. 26		Saga	Jap. gun-boat
2 C.	Oct. 27		Yodo	Jap. gun-boat
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
P.O.B.I.	Nov 12		Elcano	Am. gun-boat
8 P	Nov. 13		Toba	Jap. gun-boat
B.N.B.			Kinsha	Br. gun-boat
1 C.	Nov. 15		Araro	Jap. destroyer
1 C.	Nov. 15		Novaki	Jap. destroyer
1 C.	Nov. 15		Shirayuki	Jap. destroyer

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on November 18, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	14-16
Cod	"	14-16
Mandarin	"	20-30
Mackerel	"	20-30
Pomfret	"	25-30
Salmon	"	16-18
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	16-18
Whitebait	"	none

Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-$2.50
Duck	"	40-70
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	60-90
Partridge	"	40-45
Pheasant	"	45-50
Pigeons	"	16-18
Quail	"	12-14
Snipe	"	12-14
Teal	"	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	"	25-30
Wild Geese	"	35-45
Wild Pigeons	"	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	16-20
Bananas	"	4-5
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb	20-25

Banque Industriell de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000 one-third of the Capital, i. e. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF T[illegible] CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the ernment of the Chinese Rep on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Ferno

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Branches in Marseille, Vlad[illegible] tock, Peking, Tientsin, Sh[illegible] hai, Hongkong, Canton, [illegible]chow, Saigon, Haiphong Yunanfou

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In London: London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
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Taels, Dollars, Gold Accou[illegible]
Interest allowed on Curren[illegible] counts in Gold or Local Curr[illegible] and fixed deposits on applicat[illegible]
Every description of, Ban[illegible] and Exchange business t[illegible] acted.
Savings accounts in Gold [illegible] Local Currency.

G. LION, Mana[illegible]

行銀華中

Chung Foo Union Ba[illegible]

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Go[illegible] ment in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. $2,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020
Reserve Fund .....$ 20

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies Domestic Cities and Foreign C[illegible] tries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsh[illegible]
Peking	Wusieh	Shanai
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New Yo[illegible]
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Franc[illegible]
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chenzchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	TsinkiangpuOsaka	
	Yokohama	

And also other principal citie[illegible] foreign countries.

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S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' O[illegible]
Tel. Central 2618 General Offic[illegible]

Every description of Ban[illegible] and Exchange business transa[illegible]
Interest allowed on Current [illegible] count and Fixed Deposits both [illegible] Taels and Dollars according [illegible] arrangement.
Credits granted on appro[illegible] securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Mana[illegible]

Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	non[illegible]
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	6-8
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	"	10-1[illegible]
Persimmons	"	non[illegible]
Peehoes	"	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	"	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	"	14-1[illegible]
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	non[illegible]
Bread Beans	per lb.	5-6
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	20-5[illegible]
Celery	per bunch	8-1[illegible]
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-1[illegible]
French Beans	"	4-5
Green Corn	each	2-3
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	40-6[illegible]
Onions	"	8-1[illegible]
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	6-8
Potatoes	per picul	$2.50-$3
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	"	3-5
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	"	$2.6[illegible]
Flour, Shanghai	"	$2.4[illegible]
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.6[illegible]
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	1[illegible]
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.5[illegible]
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 22.0[illegible]
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.[illegible]
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.[illegible]

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 20, 1919

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 7/—=Tls. 2.8571
@ exch. 76.1=Mex. $3.7544
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 145¼=Tls. 68.85
@ exch. 76.1=Mex. $90.47
Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 76
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch: Tls. 152
Copper Cash . . per tael 178.700
Native Interest . . . . . Tls. 13

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver . . . . . 70⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 6%
Ex., Paris on London . . Fr. 38.05
Ex., New York on London T.T. G.$4.09½

Exchange Closing Quotations

London . . . . . T.T. 7/—
London . . . . . Demand 7/0¼
India . . . . . T.T. 334
Paris . . . . . T.T. 1330
Paris . . . . . Demand 1333
New York . . . . . T.T. 145
New York . . . . . Demand 145¼
Hongkong . . . . . T.T. 66¼
Japan . . . . . T.T. 34½
Batavia . . . . . T.T. 376¼
Singapore . . . . . T.T. 33¾

Bank's Buying Rates

(Nominal)

	Nominal
London . . . . . Demand	7/1
London . . . . 4 m/s. Cdts.	7/3¾
London . . . . 4 m/s. Docy.	7/4
London . . . . 6 m/s. Cdts.	7/4¾
London . . . . 6 m/s. Docy.	7/5
Paris . . . . . 4 m/s.	1445
New York . . . . o/d Docy.	147
New York 4 m/s. Docy.	154¾

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 20,000 . . . . =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 . . . . . =Mex. $0.65

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR NOVEMBER

Hk. Tls. 2.75	@ 6/6¼	£1
„ 1	@ 1173	Fr. 13.07
„ 0.66	@ 136¼	Gold $1
„ 1	@ 37	Yen 3.01
„ 1	@ 15	Rupees 5.45
„ 1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50
„ 1	@ —	Roubles —

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, November 20, 1919

Official

S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1916
Tls. 80.00
S.M.C. 7% Debs. 1918
Tls. 92.50
S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1904
Tls. 89.00
Shanghai Hotel 6% Debs.
Tls. 70.00
S. & H. Wharves 6% Debs. 1913
Tls. 85.00
S'hai Dock Tls. 124.00 cash
Tls. 125.00 November
Tls. 129.50 December

Unofficial

New Eng. 29.50 December
S'hai Dock Tls. 124.00
Ewo Cotton (pref.) Tls. 83.00

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, November 20, 1919

Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 79.00 November
Tls. 81.50 December
Tls. 83.50 January
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 54.50 November
Tls. 61.50 December
Tls. 69.00 January

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended November 19, 1919, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1919.
Gross Receipts	$43,495.73
Loss by currency depreciation	11,039.63
Effective Receipts	$32,456.10
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	26.75
Car Miles run	91,183
Passengers Carried . .	1,971,965
	1918.
Gross Receipts	$36,696.83
Loss by currency depreciation	8,443.76
Effective Receipts . . .	$28,253.07
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	24.25
Car Miles run	81,312
Passengers Carried . .	1,684,072

Exchange Market

Messrs. Maitland, Fearon and Brand write as follows in their exchange circular for week ending November 19.

Exchange.—An advance of ⅛d. and ¼d. respectively has to be recorded in the spot and forward London prices of silver since this day last week. Local rates remain at 7s. 0d. T.T. but as business has been reported as high as 7s. 8d. this must merely be regarded as a nominal rate. Export paper has been very much in evidence and this coupled with the almost complete lack of demand is responsible for the high rates ruling. Recent arrivals of bar silver by the s.s. Empress of Asia and Venezuela totalling roughly 6,000 bars, have been easily absorbed, with the result that the cash position is in no way easier.

The London/Paris rate has declined further to 39.00 while the New York/London rate has fallen away from 4.14 to 4.09½.

The local stock of sycee and Bar Silver at Tls. 21,864,000 is about 3 lahks down and the stock of Mexican and Chinese Dollars at $9,310,000 is roughly $2,330,000 lower.

Coal Market

In their report dated November 20, Messrs. Wheelock and Co. write as follows:

Japan Coal.—Negotiations for next year's contracts have not actually been started as yet but sellers are instituting inquiries as to consumers' possible requirements during the year and they will be more in a position to give their ideas as to prices when these are ascertained.

Kaiping Coal.—Pending the fixture of next year's contracts the market is without much life, but deliveries are well maintained.

Freight Market

Messrs. Wheelock and Co. write as follows in their report dated November 20:

The situation in our outward freight markets is as follows;

To United Kingdom and Continent.—Conditions on this berth are much the same as when last writing and there is a fair amount of cargo still coming forward in spite of exchange: the tea-season is gradually drawing to an end but the seeds-season is coming on and there are already various tentative enquiries for space in the market.

To United States via Pacific.—There is no change to report on this berth during the past two weeks and although exchange continues its upward trend there is still a certain amount of cargo going forward.

To New York via Panama and Suez.—There is not much cargo offering on this berth and the supply of tonnage is considerably more than the demand the consequence is that the s.s. City of Newcastle has been withdrawn.

Coastwise.—The trade on the coast is not as brisk as it should be considering the near approach of the closing of the Northern Ports and there is nothing offering but a few coal-trips which, however, are not finding immediate takers.

FRENCH MARKETS

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 19, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—Market quotations:

Marseilles, November 19:	
Green peas Japan	188
Potato starch	160
Havre, November 18:	
Cotton, First quality	506
Cotton, Second quality	490
Cotton, Third quality	466
Lyons, November 19:	
Raw silks Cevennes	250
Italy	270
Syria	200
Japan	240
China	290
Canton	205

Hongkong Market

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor's report of November 14, says:

Business this week has been considerably interfered with by the Shanghai Races and buying orders have come from the North for most Cotton shares for forward delivery. Prices in Cotton Mill shares show another heavy advance but Hongkong holders seem to have already parted with most of their shares.

Banks.—Hongkong Banks are on offer at $600, but no business is possible except at considerably lower rates.

Marine Insurances.—Cantons continue to offer at $440. North Chinas at Tls. 205. Unions have buyers at $195 after sales at the rate. Yangtszes at $270 are unchanged from last week.

Fire Insurances.—China Fires at $138 are quiet with nothing doing and Hongkong Fires could be obtained at $340.

Shipping.—Douglases continue firm at $86½ for cash. Steamboats are a quiet market at $23. Preferred Indos could be placed at $20. Deferred Indos owing to lower Sterling quotations coming through have weakened to $240 for cash. Latest quotation from London is £55 ex dividend. Star Ferries have buyers at $30 with no business to report.

Refineries.—China Sugars are a firm market at $191 for cash and $196 done for December. Malabons are offering at $44.

Oils and Mining.—Raubs at $2.10. Ural Caspians at 50/— and Tronohs at 38/9, Kailans at 90/—, Langkats at Tls. 19 continue to mark time at quotations. Shells have local buyers at 210/— after business at 206/9 and 215/—. Mexican Eagles are quoted £11.12.6. Anglo Egyptians £5.7.6. Burmah Oils £19.10/—.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Kowloon Wharves have weakened slightly but at the close are with buyers in evidence at $104 for cash, $106 for December. $108 for January with sellers holding for higher rates. Hongkong Docks have advanced to a buying rate of $182 but the quotation seems to have outrun the legitimate demand for shares and buyers are scarce at quotations. Shanghai Docks have come to business at Tls. 122 for cash and Tls. 130 for December. New Engineerings are quoted Tls. 26½ buyers. Hongkew Wharves are Tls. 170 buyers for cash.

Lands, Hotels and Buildings.—Centrals continue to offer $109½. Hongkong Lands at $119. Humphreys have been done at $9.80. Hotels have sellers at $120. Kowloon Lands at $46. Reclamations at $175 and West Points at $90.

Electric Companies.—Hongkong Electrics have weakened to a selling rate of $96, China Lights are $7½ and $5½ are quiet with nothing doing. Hongkong Trams have again been dealt in at $8.

Miscellaneous.—China Borneos have buyers at $13½ and Dairy Farms at $24½. Ropes at $29½ and Providents at $8 are neglected. Cements are wanted at $6.90 and Powells at $12. Waterboats are on offer at $6. Steam Laundries at $3¼ and Steel Foundries at $10 are quiet.

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CONGOLEUM RUGS

SANTARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

Siberian Wounded Cheered By American Red Cross

(China Press Correspondence)

Irkutsk, Siberia, November 1.—In a far away city of churches stands a large square where Russian recruits in British Tommy uniforms, Tommy buttons and all—boots only excepted—march and countermarch, fall in and out, practice bayonet thrust, go through extended order movements, and execute all the rest of military drill which a layman can admire. There is, facing the square, a long low white building, in the windows of which on bright sunny summer days scantily clad figures recline and watch with interest the manœuvers of the Russian rookies at their daily drill. These men, maybap, are thinking of their rookie days, before bullet swift or shrapnel steel, or winter's deadly chill had wrecked their frames—for here are lodged a few of Russia's singing army—men with lusty voice and strong who may or may not ever sing again.

From the exterior the Irkutsk Military Hospital No. 2 is not unattractive. A two storied building, lacking somewhat paint and freshness, but stange to say, with none of the marks of the Bolshevik terror and regime, flanked at one end of the parade ground by the *Bolshoi Zabor*, the largest, newest, brownest of cathedrals, and having at its other side ordinary street buildings as neighbors, it presents from without, with its many windows and reclining occupants, the rather cheerful view of a comfortable convalescent home.

NOT WHAT THEY SEEM

Things are truly not what they seem. One needs but to pass under the *porte-cochere* and enter the dingy hall for this impression to fade. Beneath the dusty windows at the left, behind a rude wooden railing, two or three carpenters are at work. Behind their domain in a similar space, lies a lone occupant upon rough unplaned boards across a black rusty iron bed frame, covered with a nondescript piece of dirty brown blanket. This passageway is the hospital morgue, not always restricted to a single occupant. A spinal chill halts the footsteps but an insatiable desire to know what lies beyond forces the urge onward up the wide dark steps.

Upon the landing a group of boys still in their teens crowd against the wall, standing with resigned, uneager faces like patient sheep without a leader. They are on their way to the recruiting station above wherever it may be, but wait like dumb unhurried creatures in an almost painful silence for some intelligenzia to direct their steps and determine their fate.

If the rigid figure on the first floor repelled, the breathing resistlessness of the figures lying on the floor above appall. In ragged uniforms, filthy dressings on arms, legs and heads—with their knapsacks for pillows and ragged army coats or pieces of gunnysacking for covering, in the most grotesque of positions, men are lying all over the place—perhaps lying thus for a bit more comfort, but distressingly uncomfortable in appearance. Some have their faces covered that they may sleep, while others stare widely into space.

Did you ever feel the infinite pathos in an old boot or shoe? If so picture to yourself the hopelessness and despair, the utter misery written in every war-worn crease and dusty line of these awkward, clumsy ill fitting, ill assorted boots, sprawling in careless, ungoverned, seemingly unattached fashion about the floor.

A VIVID CONTRAST

Threading our way among these prostrate forms, melancholy eyes in stony, hopeless faces following every move, we reach a part of the long hall where the wounded are stretched on the usual twisted rusty iron frame, all without linen, some without blankets. Here a few appeared to take some interest in life; those able to be stirring themselves enough to hobble laboriously the remaining length of the room for a cup of tea from the enormous copper kettle steaming languidly in the far end of the room.

We follow them and a guide opens the door at the extreme end of the hall. We gasp and blink. We have stepped from Babylonian darkness into Empyrean light—from filthy disorder into orderly cleanliness. In a many windowed room with sunlight streaming in, an "Americansky" doctor and two nurses in white surgeon's gowns are bending over a suffering man. White tables, glass jars, glistening instruments, snowy cotton and gauze are about them and everything bespeaks a knowledge and execution of the latest septic science. In this clinic, taken over, supplied and run by the American Red Cross, from eighty-six to one hundred and fifty dressings are done in a day.

The contrast of what we now saw with what we had previously seen was vivid and instructive. The Russian staff working under fearful handicaps would undoubtedly have profited were they able to supply the poor chaps in the hall without, with anything. But supplies of any kind are hard to obtain and it is hard indeed for a three hundred and fifty bed hospital to make room for four hundred and sixty patients, to say nothing of stretching supplies insufficient by far to meet original needs, to cover the needs of one half again as many.

THE AMERICAN RED CROSS

The American Red Cross had been able up to this time, besides carrying on its own hospital in Irkutsk to take over two wards and the clinic only in this hospital, supplying the wards with linen, blankets, medicines, cotton and gauze, supplementing also the daily government food allowance of bread and milk. One of these wards with seventy beds was the former chapel of the one-time school, another sunny cheerful room. Here were the same ugly iron bed frames with board springs, but the presence of sheets, blankets, pillows and pyjamas made one scarcely notice the detail of beds, and the happy atmosphere of almost cheerful faces of the men, with here and there a small group conversing or card playing was most noticable. Morale was regained here.

The Russian sisters working under the American Red Cross nurse were smiling and happy. They were doing much for their charges and seeing results daily. The whole appearance and tone of this ward as well as that of the second American ward was such that we as Americans were proud of them and were happy indeed to be able to promise on this visit what the Russian staff had been begging for these two months that the American Red Cross would outfit and supply with all necessary things the entire hospital leaving the hospital staff unchanged but enabling them to put all the wretched lads we had seen crowded into fairly comfortable and clean quarters.

The importance of Irkutsk in the Siberian scheme had been recognised and supplies enough had recently arrived with promise of more to follow so that the plan of things could be greater in scope and the fearful need of this hospital at least—only one of scores—could be met in fair if not in full

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THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Fine and cold weather. Strong monsoon along the whole coast. The typhoon of Guam will continue towards N.-W.

BIRTH

HESS: On November 19, 1919, at 25 Woosung Road, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hess, a daughter.
26503

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE
SHANGHAI, NOV. 21, 1919

The Shantung Award Ditched

THE American Senate's hat is in the ring. After gulping for six months trying to swallow the Shantung award in the Treaty of Peace it has found itself unable to accomplish that feat. And if the League of Nations and the Treaty of Peace are to be ditched because of this, they will be ditched. We may still hope that this will not happen. Everything depends upon Japan. The Senate has put the issue squarely up to that country. It has refused its assent to the articles in the Treaty of Peace whereby the former German rights in Shantung were awarded to Japan. And it has reserved to the United States full liberty of action as between China and Japan. This, in the present state of affairs in the Far East, can mean but one thing; that is, that Japan, whether or not a League of Nations is formed, will no longer be permitted to pursue the intolerable course of military aggression against China which she has followed in recent years.

We note, in this connection, that there is very little likelihood of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance being renewed, which is only what one could expect in view of Japan's actions out here while Great Britain was fighting "with her back to the wall" in Europe for the preservation of the world's freedom. We note also that the entire American fleet is to be moved into the Pacific this winter. Last week a leading Japanese newspaper pictured America and Japan as "Two Angry Tigers Face to Face." We imagine that the Japanese tiger will feel no calmer today after hearing from the American Senate.

Meanwhile, China may rejoice on this further unexampled proof of America's ancient and traditional friendship for her. America's stand on this issue is the most important event, unless we except the revolution of 1911, in China's modern history.

Gaida's Revolt And What Led To It

MORE Allied chickens are "coming home to roost" in Russia. Just when the Kolchak front has collapsed, and when all the news indicates at least the imminence of similar disasters on the Denikin and Judenitch fronts, Gaida, the Czech General, who is neither Royalist nor Bolshevist, gives an appalling twist to the crisis by starting a revolt at Vladivostok, Kolchak's main source of supplies. And while the cables which we publish this morning are to the effect that this attempted coup has failed, and that Gaida is under arrest and is to be deported, there remains, nevertheless, an impression that the course which events have recently taken in Siberia remains to be explained, and that the movement which Gaida felt called upon to lead, is still there, although suppressed for the moment, and will have to be dealt with.

Kolchak and Denikin, if not themselves Royalists, are surrounded by men of that breed, who in case of success probably would attempt a monarchical restoration. These are the men that the Allies backed, and it is this, to a large extent, that has so inflamed the Bolshevists against the Allies. It is this, we also believe, that has led to the recent surprising spread of the Bolshevist movement; it is this that has brought discipline and order into the Bolshevist ranks, and at the same time destroyed discipline and order in the opposing armies.

Of course this isn't all. The Allies, themselves, have not been getting along any too well in Siberia. The Americans and the Japanese, especially, have been quarrelling. And recently the Japanese have further complicated the situation by refusing to fall in with the Allied plans for withdrawal.

The Allies, however, are now firmly committed to the policy of withdrawal and we hope they will proceed with it. The old argument against it is pretty threadbare by this time. This argument contemplated the possibility of an alliance between Russia, Japan and Germany in case of Allied withdrawal. We are of opinion that if Japan and Germany wish to ally themselves with a Bolshevist Russia no stone should be put in their way. We also believe that if the Allies get out of Siberia, lock, stock and barrel, the Russians themselves, will turn on the Japanese and drive them out.

Ludendorff's Admissions

BY FRANK H. SIMONDS

For military men the world over it would be difficult to exaggerate the interest furnished by that portion of Ludendorff's narrative, which relates to the great German offensive of March 21, 1918. Some of the questions which have been debated ever since now find satisfactory and final solution. In addition, we see now with great clarity that when the whole Allied world was still passing through a moral crisis the German High Command was enduring a military crisis rising out of a clear conception that its gigantic effort had failed.

PARIS NOT THE OBJECTIVE

To begin at the beginning, Ludendorff completely clears up the question as to the German objective of March two years ago. There was no thought of a new campaign for Paris, at the outset or during the first two months. Such geographical objective as there was existed in the possibility of an advance in open country between the British and the French armies toward the mouth of the Somme. What the Germans were after was a decisive military victory over the British.

To achieve this they planned to attack the Third British army, standing about Arras, and attack it both in front and flank. They planned to use one army for frontal attack, a second to turn the southern flank and a third to cover the other two against any French intervention from the south. Success meant the smashing of two of the five British armies and the scooping up of the other three along the coast. Out of such a victory Ludendorff expected to achieve peace on German terms.

But, as the event turned out, the Third British army was not only not beaten, but actually it held off all of one German army and part of the second, fought its main antagonist to a standstill, and inflicted such casualties that Ludendorff now makes no concealment of his chagrin on this subject. By contrast, the Fifth British army to the south, which was to be pushed back, collapsed, and, accordingly, it became necessary to change the objectives after battle was joined, to try to make the unexpected success serve in place of the planned triumph.

But before this could be done the French intervened, while the victorious Germany army found itself slowed down and handicapped by the very devastations resulting from the Hindenburg retreat of the previous year. By the first days of April the lines began to harden, warfare of positions returned, French reserves not only filled the gap but were counter attacking, and what was before the Germans was the prospect of another Verdun.

GERMAN BID A FAILURE

Thereupon Ludendorff turned north and tried between Arras and Ypres. The Portuguese collapse on the Lys was even worse than that of the British Fifth army on the Somme. But before the real success could be exploited the French again appeared and the Battle of the Lys, like that of Picardy, had to be broken off.

Now, what did this mean? Nothing more nor less than that by April 29 the great German bid for a decision was a failure. Like the Marne, the main strategic conception had been unachieved. Local battle success, tactical gains, in the jargon of the soldier, were no substitutes. The situation was exactly what it had been after the Marne. The whole grandiose conception had broken down: prisoners taken, guns captured, territory occupied, these were no substitutes.

Thus the old parallels between the German offensives of 1918 and Napoleon's Waterloo campaign are re-established. Napoleon set out to destroy the British and Prussian armies before they could aid each other or receive help from their Russian and Austrian allies. He struck the Prussians at Ligny and defeated them; he engaged the British at Waterloo, but was in turn defeated there by the arrival of the Prussians. His subsequent rout was due to persistence after all hope of success on the battlefield had vanished, but if he had retired, as he could have, once Prussian intervention became effective, he would have saved his army. But this would have been only a momentary gain, for the Russians and Austrians were bound to come and France would not support him through more long, losing campaigns.

Ludendorff broke off his battles in advance of rout, he preserved an advantage of numbers for the moment, but his strategic calculation, to win a decisive victory before the Americans arrived, was now a total failure; the close of his next offensive would see three American divisions actually in line, and his third great effort would be met by a counter-offensive in which not less than nine American divisions, more than 250,000 men, would play a decisive part.

WAR WAS LOST IN APRIL

The war was lost, then, in April; it was lost in the failure of the two attacks, beginning on March 21 and April 19, and actually, when the resistance of Byng's Third Army broke the German plan. The success to the south, the rout of Gough's Fifth Army, gave the German offensive the semblance of success, which deceived the world. But on April 4, Marshal Foch received the press correspondents and told them that the German flood had been dammed; that is, on the day Ludendorff now announces that he gave up hope of decisive victory and turned north.

The thing that stands out above all else is the way that the two great German efforts in the west, for Verdun was only a small affair by comparison, resulted in strategic failure. Both called for swift and decisive victory, for the elimination of an army, the French in 1914 and the British in 1918. In both, the opening phases were favorable to the German; in both he won great battlefield successes; but in both he found himself, at the end, in a bad hole. In 1914 he had to turn east and face Russia; in 1918 he had an American menace even greater.

ANOTHER MARNE

All of which means just one thing—that the German General Staff and German militarism failed in its great undertakings at both of the supreme tests. Ludendorff's narrative confesses the later failure with a frankness that it is difficult to exaggerate. Indeed he told the press, in April, 1918, in one of his rare conferences, that although a great battle had been won, no one could tell the consequences.

He could have told the consequences; Foch did tell them to all who questioned him. There was no more chance of gathering up an army such as began the campaign of 1918. Officers and men, storm troops and picked divisions had disappeared. Ludendorff thinks that his government—the diplomatic end—might have capitalised the moral effects of ground gained, prisoners taken, etc., to some end. He complains that it did not, but this does not change the fact, the military fact. He blames the German navy for permitting the Americans to arrive, as Napoleon blamed de Grouchy for the coming of Blucher, but this does not change anything. The truth stands that the Battle of Picardy, the "Kaiser Battle," was a failure in all but local circumstances; another Marne, and thus the second decisive battle of the war.

An Editor's Confidence

The cat is at last out of the editor's bag and the mystery that to many has enshrouded his office is laid bare. Writers for the press have so often invented strange reasons to explain to themselves why they are "rejected" that this statement of the real reasons will enlighten many minds. Mr. Holbrook Jackson, of To-Day (London), calls the ignorance of the way an editor should be approached "invincible." For all that, he takes heart of grace and sets out to lighten "his own burden and that of his fellows of the craft." The observance of the following rules, he thinks, "would augment the amenities between literary aspirants for the honor of print and those who have the power of pronouncing yea or nay upon what is submitted to them." They begin tamely:

1. Typewrite your copy or handwrite it clearly.
2. Write your name and address clearly on the back of last page of typescript or manuscript.
3. Enclose not a loose stamp but a stamped and addressed envelope.
4. Don't write a letter of explanation to the editor. But if you do write—
5. Don't tell him your stuff is good—he won't take your word.
6. Don't tell him it is bad—bad writing needs no bush.
7. Don't tell him that your friends like it—he doesn't care.
8. Don't say that another editor advised you to send it along—that would make him suspicious.
9. Don't say you want to earn money by writing—he is not out to help you, but to edit his paper and pay those who help him.
10. Don't flatter him—editors are cynics.
11. Don't tell him you know his old aunt—he may hate her.
12. Don't ask his opinion—he may not have one.
13. Don't ask why he rejects your offer—he may not know.

One added caution seemed too important to condense into a line: "Those about to try to become contributors to a particular magazine would be well advised to purchase or borrow a copy first, so as to form an opinion what it is like. If this precaution is not taken it is as well not to say anything about it. Above all, don't ask an editor to tell you what he wants—you are supposed to find that out for yourself."

'America And Japan Like Two Angry Tigers Facing Each Other'

Says the Osaka Mainichi one of the leading newspapers of Japan (as translated by The Japan Advertiser):

"While the important and urgent question of promoting and perpetuating the harmony of humanity and the peace of the world is receiving careful attention, it is regrettable to note that Japanese-American relations have been growing in gravity, especially because the tension is being intensified by the racial hatred and the anti-Japanese schemes of the Americans.

"One cannot forget that Japanese-American relations were once so harmonious that much was said about it. When we remember those good days, it is impossible not to feel as if we lost a precious stone or to have the same feeling as parents who lost a child of unusual promise. The present straining of relations between Japan and America is partly due to the excess of prosperity in both countries; it seems as if the prosperity of one country is too great to be curbed within its borders, and is going to get into collision with the prosperity of another country. The situation is not tempered by fellow feeling nor by self-control; on the contrary, hatred and contempt are predominant. We have always faced America with friendly moderation and self-control, but the Americans have always treated us with arrogance, coercion, hatred and contempt. Unless we agree to sit at their feet, they apparently intend to exclude us entirely, and to reduce us to a position where we shall no more be able to protest against inhumanity and injustice than beasts are. In spite of their indignation the Japanese will patiently protest against the American attitude, and while preserving self-control on their own part they earnestly hope that the Americans will reconsider their attitude and return to the path of reason and equity for the sake of humanity's happiness and the world's peace.

"History shows, however, that America's attitude toward Japan has been aggressive, insulting and coercive throughout. (1) When Commodore Perry visited Japan, we benevolently interpreted his visit as an attempt to open our door to the world. But the fact that there were no serious developments between the two countries was due to a change of administration, the policy of the new President being different from that of his predecessor. The total intention of Perry's fleet was to threaten us and to take the Okinawa islands by force in order to coerce this country if we did not obey his orders.

"(2) America assisted the independence plot in Hawaii, and used it to realise the annexation of the islands by America. It may be said that this action on the part of America embodies the spirit in which America threatened to take the Okinawa Islands.

"(3) In obtaining Guam and the Philippines in the American-Spanish War, America secured another stepping-stone for development in the Pacific and also laid the foundation of her activities in China, on the other hand, this state of affairs was calculated to obstruct the southern development of Japan and to impair her relations with China, other words, to hinder Japa activities on the east, west a south. At that time Japane relations were not so strained yet. Moreover, the Gentleman Agreement and the Pacific Agre ment have served to some exte as palliatives.

"(4) Since the school children question arose in Californi however, America as openly pr jected various anti-Japanes plans.

"(5) When subsequently th Californian Legislature propose to undermine the foundations Japanese development in Ca fornia by enacting a new land la the Japanese could but rise in i dignation, and at that time Japa ese-American diplomacy assum a profound significance. T spirit of friendship towa America, however, kept the Japa ese from making up their min to take drastic action. While issue was left undecided, C fonia actually attained her obj though the question was nomi ly left pending. The Americ are elated, but every Japanes indignant at a precedent w ignored the Constitutions of fornia and of the United St set at nought treaty obliga and trampled underfoot the of humanity.

"America took further ste oppress Japan. America has (6) to alienate China from J in connection with the que of China's participation in European war; (7) to oust J from investments in China a obtain capitalistic control China; (8) to harass Japa the Peace Conference, to pr Japan from possessing the fo German islands in the S Pacific by proposing mandat rule and to violate the Sino-Ja ese Agreement and Japan's un standing with Great Britain France regarding the disposa Shantung; (9) to restrain Jap movements with regard to despatch of troops to Siberi to estrange the relations betw Japan and Russia; (10) to th ten Japan by greatly increa the strength of the Pacific sq ron; and (11) to assist the dependence agitation in K and (12) the anti-Japanese cott in China; (13) America abused and insulted Japan i course of debate on the Treaty with Germany; (14) regard to the International L Conference, Mr. Sherman remarks exceedingly insultin Japan; it seems as if Americ sires to arouse Japan's ind tion in order to make war; in the meantime a new imm tion bill has often been pro

intentions of other countries.

Viscount Kato proceeded to attack the Government for taking no effective measures to regulate the prices of commodities. His remarks on this point were quite justifiable.

We regret, however, that the President of the Kenseikai did not utter a word regarding the burning question of universal suffrage, and that he did not show what measures should be taken by the Government, complains the Asahi.

WITHDRAW FROM SIBERIA

Kokumin: The speech of Viscount Kato—was characterised by an earnestness seldom seen in a leader of the Opposition. This was perhaps because the President of the Kenseikai is really concerned about Japan's diplomacy, apart from the question of political strife, says the Kokumin.

There was nothing new in the Viscount's remarks regarding the Shantung question and the proposed new consortium for China, continues the Kokumin, but his observations regarding the situation in Siberia are worthy of close attention. He declared that the Government despatched 30,000 soldiers to Siberia without any fixed object in view, and was wasting large treasury funds; the people cannot put up with this. In making this declaration the Viscount was uttering the minds of the people.

After referring to the Bullitt episode (the Kokumin proceeds to say that the Allies' policy toward Russia has been vague and nebulous and no one has had the courage to declare a clear-cut and practicable policy. We welcome Viscount Kato's advocacy of the withdrawal of troops from Siberia as contributory to the initiation of a new policy toward Russia by the world, concludes the Kokumin.

A Labor Outlook

By J. Havelock Wilson
(Member of Parliament and General President of the British National Sailors' and Firemen's Union)

I have been endeavoring to point out to my Labor colleagues the great danger in which the labor movement has stood, and still stands. Wages have been high and so has the cost of living. To all appearance we seem to be very prosperous.

As a matter of fact we have been, and still are, living on borrowed money. Any man of the world knows the end that must inevitably come if we so continue.

What is our national position when in interest alone we have now to find money which would supply several one-hundred-million-pound budgets that former statesmen deplored, and even then leave many millions to spare, before we have raised a cent to carry on the nation?

The position is most grave. Many of us see it. By all means let us get out into every nook and corner of the land, and see that accurate information is supplied. If the masses once grasp the truth they will rectify things. They will:

Demand greater output.
Work for greater output.
Smash the chaos-mongers.
Frown on "direct action."
Insist on industrial peace.

We are losing our markets in Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Holland and to Mediterranean ports. I see there is a deputation of miners to proceed to Denmark to make inquiries.

I wish the Miners' Federation would send a few trusty men to places I know, and they would see with their own eyes cargoes of hundreds of thousands of tons of American coal delivered at ports which hitherto have always been supplied from the mines of Great Britain.

Of course the extremists tell us that there is such a demand for coal at home that it takes all our time to meet our domestic needs. That may be true at the moment, but if we could get an increased output of coal we could not only supply home wants but export coal and maintain foreign markets, which are the soul and hope of the commercial and industrial prosperity of our country.

If we do not send coal to Norway and Sweden and have to get out pit-props from these countries, instead of exchanging for coal we have to pay cash.

If we send those countries coal we get pit-props or butter, bacon, eggs, etc. If we do not the transaction is simply on a cash basis, and our ships only carry cargo one way instead of both ways—and the price of our commodities goes up apart from any question of profiteering.

Putting The Horse Ahead Of The Load

When we place prices ahead of production we are putting the cart ahead of the horse. Price is the cart and production is the horse that draws the load. If we look after the production prices will take care of themselves, while if we interfere with prices we may stop production. The reason for all this is that high prices stimulate production, increase the supply of goods and thus automatically usher in lower prices. That is why an economist said that the remedy for high prices is higher prices. On the other hand if we force down prices arbitrarily, we will discourage production and cause a shortage of goods and still higher prices.

Prices are really only the thermometer that shows the condition of business. High prices indicate relatively low production to the demand while low prices indicate high production. The price thermometer now registers 100 degrees in the shade, but we cannot cool the air by breaking the thermometer.—*Homer Hoyt, Professor of Economics, Delaware College, in The Nation's Business for November.*

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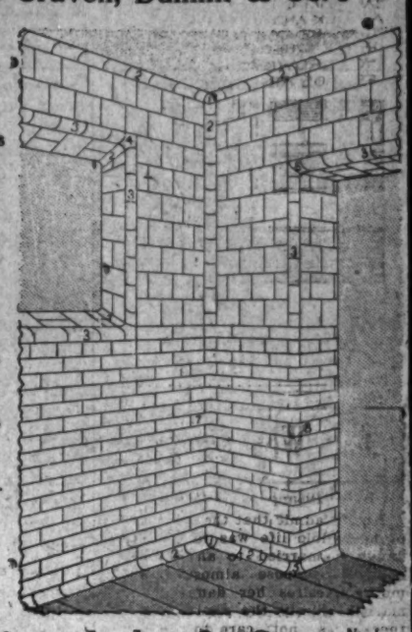
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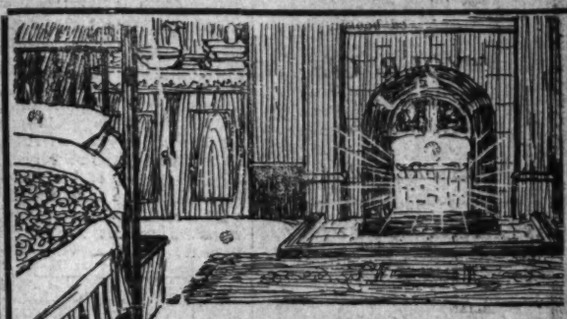
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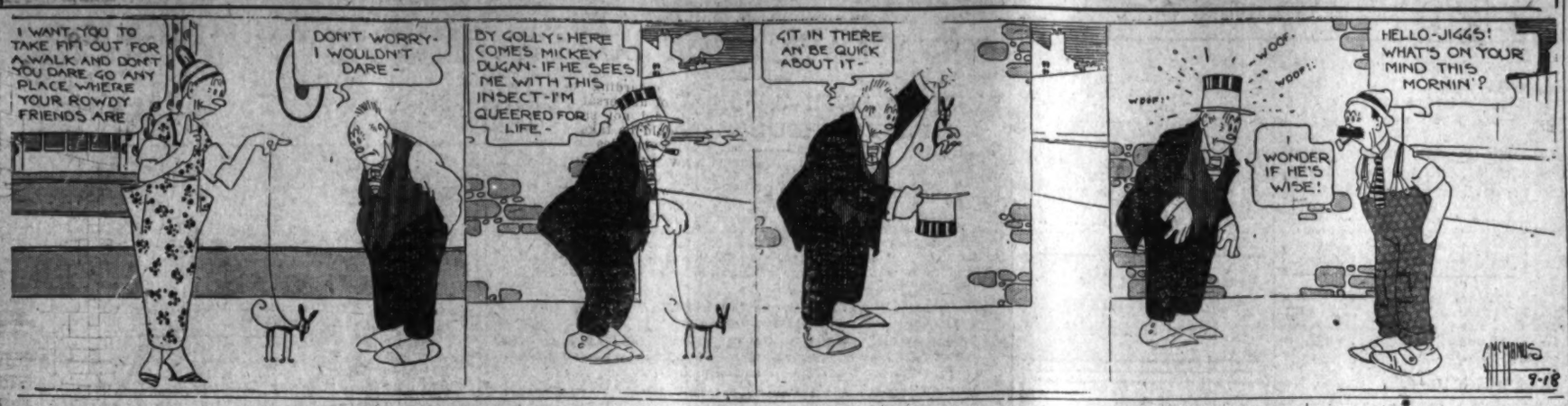
Bringing Up Father — By George McManus


I WANT YOU TO TAKE FIFI OUT FOR A WALK AND DON'T YOU DARE GO ANY PLACE WHERE YOUR ROWDY FRIENDS ARE
DON'T WORRY- I WOULDN'T DARE -
BY GOLLY - HERE COMES MICKEY DUGAN - IF HE SEES ME WITH THIS INSECT - I'M QUEERED FOR LIFE -
GIT IN THERE AN' BE QUICK ABOUT IT -
WOOF
WOOF!
WOOF!
I WONDER IF HE'S WISE!
HELLO-JIGGS! WHAT'S ON YOUR MIND THIS MORNIN'?
GMCMANUS 9-18

Just Why My Daughter Never Married

By A Disappointed Mother

I must admit that the ambition of my whole life was to see my daughter married to an eligible man. I suppose almost every mother desires her daughter to marry. Surely the average mother does not care to see her daughter at forty an undesired, sallow, thin-lipped woman with a harsh voice and not a redeeming "soft look" about her. Imagine my sufferings then when I found my own daughter nearing the danger point!

Some of the prettiest, really handsomest women I have ever seen in my life have never married. But these are always exceptional women. There are too many women who grow sunken cheeked, pale and uninteresting simply because there is no man about the house. Too many wilt because day after day passes monotonously by with no masculine viewpoints to blend in with theirs; no reason to get up a "corking" good dinner and no reason to "doll up" a bit.

Deliver my daughter from leading a solitary, unmarried life was my constant prayer. Deliver her from the customary spinster's conceited views of "what's right and what's wrong," and, above all, deliver her from the idea that there is really such a vast difference, after all, between the sexes. Never let her cease to talk and begin to wince and wiggle because, lo—a man has appeared and is listening.

And yet, I saw my own daughter, the most popular, most desired girl of our section, refuse all her offers of marriage, harden her heart toward her best admirers and actually settle down into a life of absolute spinsterhood I saw my friends' daughters pass down the aisle strewn with orange blossoms and orchids. I actually saw several upon the arms of the very men who had bowed themselves at my daughter's knee and been rejected.

When my daughter reached forty-five I began to take heart again. Many a single woman has consented to marry at that age. Several of her beaux who had married were now widowers; one beau who had remained a bachelor returned to her every Spring, only to receive the same answer.

Would she, at forty-five, that age when so many beautiful single women cry "Where is he?" relent? Would she ever make her mother's heart glad by actually becoming a married woman? Would she ever stop eating my pride away by having to admit that my daughter was a spinster.

But my daughter's heart was hardened. The beaux of her youth might come and go, but she went on forever—alone! She had made up her mind to go through life single. And she did.

And herewith lies the secret of her heart. I am perfectly willing to tell every mother and every young girl why my daughter never married. By so doing I hope to save many a girl from the loneliness of an unwedded life, and many a mother from the unhappiness of having an unmarried daughter.

My daughter visited too many of her married girl friends! Never allow a single girl to visit her married girl friends for any length of time. Young unmarried girls must associate with young unmarried girls. They must not be allowed to enter their married friends' domestic lives. My daughter placed herself in the place of all her married girl friends. She would say, "Supposing I were married to a man like that? Would I allow a man to talk to me the way Ella's husband talks to her? Do you think I could be happy with a husband like Ruth's?"

She would come home from her friends' homes disgusted and wearied with life. I would have to listen to the silly quarrels of this one and that one. To me they were only the petty bickerings which every married couple goes through. But to my daughter they were vital.

I would hear long dissertations on how Marjory's husband always insisted upon designing all her hats for her. And what a fright she looked in them! Poor Marjory had never worn a becoming hat since her marriage because of her husband's senseless whim. Did I think that my daughter wanted a husband who would buy all her hats for her?

Another married friend had a husband who would become outrageously jealous if she even spoke to another man. If marriage meant the shutting out of conversation or repartee with every man but your husband my daughter did not care to enter wedded life.

Still another friend was married to a very exacting man. He was not so particular about how much money his wife spent, but rather just what she did with it. Every cent must be accounted for. If five cents remained unaccounted for many an unpleasant hour was bound to follow.

And tempers! One husband actually kicked the furniture about because his wife held long conversations over the telephone with her chums. If matrimony meant the giving up of one's personality or habits entirely my daughter rebelled.

After numerous week-end jaunts among her several married friends her mind was thoroughly made up. When a knowing little demon whispered, "Why marry?" she wilfully answered, "I never shall!" Nor will she now. She has long since rounded the corner of forty-five, the single woman's last chance. Her widower beaux are married again, and even her faithful bachelor recently married one of last season's debutantes.

I realise that I am a disappointed old mother. My feminine "pipe dreams," my womanish reveries are over, unfulfilled. I am a wiser and a sadder mother. And I warn every mother who is ambitious to have her daughter marry not to allow her to visit young married couples.

The honeymoon stage and the early years of married life are rather an uphill road, even for the people concerned, but to an outsider, a young unmarried girl, they seem absolutely rocky and unforbidding. I dare say there are many other woman who remained single for the very same reason that my daughter did.

Problems Of Love, Courtship And Marriage

Answered By Leonore Carfax

My husband is one of the pleasantest and jolliest men you would want to meet when he is out in company, and is immensely popular. As soon as he comes home, however, he becomes "grouchy" and hasn't a word to say. Do you know of any way to cure a fault like this?—Mrs. A. M.

I would not take this silence on your husband's part too seriously if I were you. He may be one of those temperaments that only become aroused under the inspiration of crowds and enthusiasm. After all, you did not marry him in order to keep up a continuous vaudeville performance. Keep the atmosphere of your home cheerful and lively. Do not allow his "grouches" to plunge you into a similar "grouch." Learn to talk of the things which are of real interest to your husband, and I am sure he will become less taciturn.

The other day the collector came to the door and handed me a bill for a payment on a piano which he said my husband had bought. Now, we have no piano, and I have wanted one for a long time. I tried to find out where the piano had been sent, but the collector became confused and said he must have made a mistake and backed away, making all sort of excuses. I have not slept a wink since then. Would it be best to go to the piano firm and investigate, or should I ask my husband about it?—X.

By all means speak to your husband first, but in so doing you should treat it as a casual affair. Ninety-nine chances out of a hundred there is some mistake. If the dread possibility which you have conjured up in your mind were true, your husband would take good care that it would not come to your knowledge in this clumsy fashion. Perhaps he is buying the piano as a surprise for you. Keep all the pleasant possible solutions firmly in your mind when you approach him on the subject. Otherwise, I am afraid, his explanation will place you in the unenviable position of showing jealousy without a cause.

I am a young girl living in a rooming house. I have many occasions to meet young men in a social way and am frequently invited to go with them to the theater and dances. Almost invariably when we return home these men ask me to kiss them, and seem to think the fact that they have given me a pleasant evening entitles them to this privilege. I always refuse, and very often I never see them again. It is contrary to my home training to kiss men in this promiscuous fashion, and I am wondering whether other girls take a different stand on this point.—L.L.

No. I am very sure that girls who are worth imitating take the same stand you do. Men do not always expect to get what they ask for, and very often presume to test a girl in this fashion. It is an impertinence for a young man to assume that you are under any obligations because you accepted his invitation for the evening. When they ask you to kiss them they are taking a liberty which they would not dream of taking if you were living in your own home, and you will scarcely be the loser if you do not see them again.

I have always been a firm believer in total abstinence. My husband does not go to saloons, but he has frequently urged me to allow wine to be served in our own home. I have absolutely refused. I went away a few weeks ago, and when I returned I found a case of beer in our basement. As quick as thought I smashed one of those bottles, and then I got to thinking that if my husband wanted something in the house to drink as badly as that, whether, if I broke those bottles, I might not drive him to drink on the outside. I wish you would tell me what I ought to do.—Mrs. G. C.

I believe your own line of thinking is guiding you in the right direction. Home life must always be a compromise between the opinions of husband and wife. As long as your husband adheres to the moderate drinking of mild alcoholic beverages in the home, he has on his side the approval of very many worthy people. No doubt your early training has made it possible for you to see only one side of this question; but a wife who sees only one side of any question under dispute between her husband and herself courts disaster.

I have attended various social functions with a young man and have the kindest regard for him, but I do not love him, and I know I never could. At the holidays and on various other occasions he sends me costly gifts, which I do not feel I ought to accept, and yet I hesitate to return them, for fear I will be assuming that he has a deeper interest in me than he really has. What would you advise me to do?—Lora.

Gifts other than flowers, candy and an occasional book, when received from a man, usually represent a deeper interest than mere friendliness. By using tact you can explain your own position to your friend without implying anything as to his feelings toward you. Men sometimes look upon matters like this in a different light, and you can base your whole argument on that point.

A Wrigglin' Little Rascal

BY S. E. KISER

I ain't livin' in no palace: can't afford to own a car;
People give me little notice, aand I've never traveled far;
Never tried to run for office—don't expect to, what is more;
Folks don't have to face no butler when they step inside my door;
But I ain't inclined to grumble, nor to think my luck is bad;
There's a little chap that's learnin' how to keep me feelin' glad.

Seems as though before we got him nearly everything was wrong;
Wife was gener'ly complainin', and I guess I helped along;
Cost o' livin' kept us worried, and we'd both git lonesome, too;
Hopes we used to have were buried, and our friends were mighty few;
But we've both quit bein' grumpish—nothing's like it used to be;
There's a little wrigglin' rascal that is all the world to me.

People told us when we took him—or, at least, they told the wife—
We were doin' something foolish; said we'd got too far in life.
Huh! I'm only forty-seven; mother's four years less 'n that,
And we've just found out that Heaven can be in a little flat:
Seems as though she's growing younger and more purty every day
Since the little chap is crowin' in his glad, confidin' way.

There's a little grave we went to—that was twenty years ago—
And since then we'd kind of drifted, sort of didn't care, you know.
Lord, to think the time we've wasted, sittin' round and feelin' sore,
And the joys we might have tasted if we'd wakened up before.
Ain't our flesh and blood—no matter; that don't make no odds at all;
Laughs and kicks, and gettin' fatter than a little butter-ball!

'Round the shop men keep discussin' this and that and t'other thing;
Waste a lot of time predictin' what the future is to bring;
I've quit botherin' concernin' things that talkin' won't make right,
And I've lately got to learnin' to go whistlin' home at night;
Mebby mother's right in sayin' I'm as crazy as can be
Since a wrigglin' little rascal's all the world to her and me.

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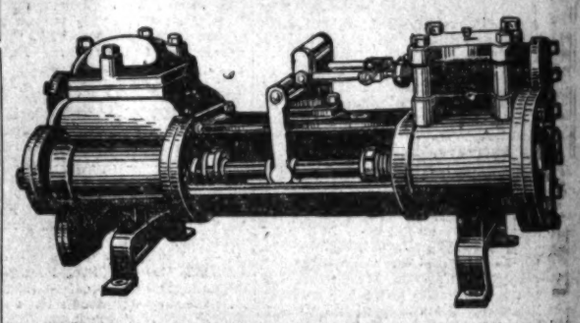

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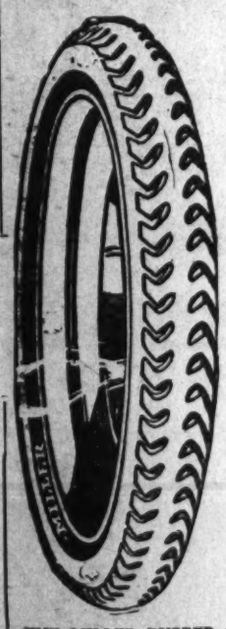

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Cannaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Tuckwo**, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, November 21**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Yohyang Maru**, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, November 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hsinfung**, Captain W. S. Ross, will leave on **Friday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, November 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Siangyang Maru**, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, Nov. 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, Nov. 24**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachang Maru**, Captain H. Asai, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Monday, November 24**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Hwah Lee**, (Chartered) 1,151 Tons, Captain Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Monday, November 24**, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, 3,925 Tons, Captain Findelson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, November 25**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kiukiang**, Captain J. Peacock, will leave on **Tuesday, November 25**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo Maru**, Capt. H. Yamasaki, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Tuesday, Nov. 25**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, November 26**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 28**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. E. Edwards, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 21**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Taishun**, Captain J. Halkett, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The San Peh S. N. Co's. steamer **"NINGSHIN"** Captain Aggestad, will leave from the Ningshao Wharf, Chinese Bund, on **Friday, the 21st inst.**, at about 8 p.m. Passage fare, Shanghai to Foochow single $30 and return $48. For freight or Passage, please apply to the office of the Company, No. 16A, Peking Road. (Telephones: Feright 1520, Passage 3283.

26432

HONGKONG.—The S.S. **Korea Maru**, 20,000 tons, Captain T. Ota, will be despatched on **Saturday, November 22.** Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 2:00 p.m. For passage apply to **TOYO KISEN KAISHA**, T. N. Alexander, Manager.

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on **Saturday** afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW AND HONGKONG, CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, November 22**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung**, Capt. Monkman, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, November 25**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sunning**, Capt. W. Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, Nov. 27**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Capt. Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **November 29**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Capt. E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, November 29**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Chicago Maru**, Captain S. Yamane will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **December 16.** For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

NEWCHWANG.—The Steamer **Tungwah**, Captain J. G. Newbery, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, November 22**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, November 22**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, November 25**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tls. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking**, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, Nov. 27**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, November 29**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **December 1.** at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Vessels Loading For Foreign Ports Will Be Found on Page 15

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Japan Nov. 22

For United Kingdom
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tamba Maru Nov. 29

For France, etc.
Per M.M. s.s. Sphinx . . Dec. 6

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. ss.. Yamashiro M. Nov. 21

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru Nov. 22

From United Kingdom
Per B. & S. s.s. Tydeus Dec. 2

From France
Per M. M. s.s. Andre Lebon Nov. 25

Siccawei Weather Report

19.—The anticyclone prevails with less intensity, between Mongolia and N. China. Fine day with severe cold at many places with temperature below the freezing point. A typhoon appears to the S. of Guam moving to N.W. between that place and Yap. The depression of the S. PhHippines starts again Westwards to cross the China sea above the 10th parallel.

20.—Weather cloudy but still fine and cold. Contant winds of the N.W. quadrant. The pressure, at a high level, is slowly decreasing.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For **CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.**—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight.) These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For **WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).**—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For **AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.**—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Phillippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For **NINGPO.**—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from the International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son. Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

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Passage: Telephone Central 401.

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S.S. "NOVARA" leaving about 14th December
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Em. of Asia	Nov. 29	Montcalm†	Dec. 18
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	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
*ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Dec. 5	Dec.
*AMUR MARU	18,000	I. Hamada,	End of D	

FOR MARSEILLES Via Singapore, Colombo and Portsaid.
*INDO MARU ..... 1,000 S. Arai, Nov. 20 Nov.

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver)
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul
*AFRICA MARU ... 12,000 H. Yamamoto, Nov. 26 Nov.
*ARABIA MARU ... 18,000 T. Saito, Dec. 24 Dec.
*MEXICO MARU ... 12,000 K. Kamiya, Dec. 25 Dec.

FOR HONGKONG
CHICAGO MARU .... 12,00 S. Yamane, Dec. 15 Dec.

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).
KOHOKU MARU ... 5,000 M. Tsubaki, Nov. 29 Dec.

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).
KEELUNG MARU ... 3,000 Y. Fukami, Nov. 27 Nov.
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S.S. "WHEATLAND OF MONTANA"	Sails	NOV. 20th
S.S. "ENDICOTT"	Early	DEC.
S.S. "ELKTON"	Middle	DEC.

PORTLAND
S.S. "WABAN" ..... Early DEC.

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S.S. Ecuador	Jan. 3	S.S. Ecuador	Dec. 13
S.S. Colombia	Jan. 31	S.S. Colombia .	Jan. 10 1920

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SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "CHINA"	NOV.	25th
S.S. "NILE"	DEC.	23rd
S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	16th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "NILE"	DEC.	10th
S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	3rd
S.S. "CHINA"	JAN.	21st

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TSUSHIMA MARU	15,000	K. Teramoto,	Dec. 3
PENANG MARU	11,500	Later part of December	

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TATSUNO MARU	T. Shirai,	Nov. 22
DURBAN MARU	Second half of December	

AMERICAN LINE

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	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Nov. 30
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	T. Irisawa,	Dec. 17

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

TOKIWA MARU	15,000	K. Shibuya,	Nov. 22
TOKUSHIMA MARU	15,000	Y. Okuno, about	Dec. 25

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	T. Terada,	Nov. 22
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Nov. 25
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Y. Yoshida,	Dec. 2

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Mojiri,	Nov. 22
OMI MARU	7,000	M. Yamamaki,	Nov. 26
KUMANO MARU	9,500	T. Sasaki,	Nov. 29
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	D. Awoshima,	Dec. 3

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
KITANO MARU	16,000	F. E. Cope,	Nov. 29

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Feb. 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Dec. 31

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

	Tons	Capt.	
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Dec. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Middle of Jan.
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	middle of Feb.

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Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

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November 1, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19 50
23.45	11.12			arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.53
24.00	11.25			arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45
19.35	. .		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.	. .

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line			Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	10.10	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	16.40	15.05	22.16
6.55	10.20	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.30	14.55	22.06
7.25	10.40	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.15	14.39	21.46
12.32	14.13	15.10	78	dep.	Tsanghow	dep.	13.21	11.21	16.36
18.35	17.15	17.56	148	dep.	Tachow	dep.	10.45	8.39	11.56
22.28	20.05	20.21	220	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	5.50	8.20
7.									8.
8.00	20.55	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.30	18.40
11.14	23.20	22.31	266	dep.	Taianfu	dep.	6.01	3.15	15.54
14.17	1.24	0.34	318	arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.35	12.23
14.42	1.52	0.49	—	dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	11.58
18.33	4.54	3.16	377	dep.	Linchang	dep.	1.20	21.24	8.26
21.27	6.39	4.55	420	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	5.20
9.									10.
7.25	7.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	19.56
13.10	11.03	8.33	523	arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	13.36
13.25	11.18	8.40	—	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.37	13.16
18.26	15.45	13.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	16.42	10.50	8.27
20.05	16.48	15.00	631	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

H. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	H. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0		dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193		arr.	Shanghai-North	dep	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line					
3.55	14.50	d. Yenchowfu a.	11.15	23.40	4.50	9.20	21.25	d. Lincheng a.	7.55	17.55	0.40
4.50	15.45	a. Tsiningchow d.	10.20	22.45	6.00	10.30	22.35	a. Tsochuang d.	6.45	16.45	23.30

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST".

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Tsingtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The P. and O. s.s. Novara from London, was expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday afternoon.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Hwahlee (chartered) left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Haean left Foochow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Yushun left Amoy for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Kiukiang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The R.V.F. s.s. Penza arrived in Shanghai from Vladivostok Wednesday morning and will sail for the same port this afternoon. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 o'clock.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Koonshing is due in Shanghai from Tientsin, Chefoo and Weihaiwei today.

The I-C. s.s. Yusang is due in Shanghai from Foochow tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Hangsang is due in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow on Sunday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru left Nagasaki yesterday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru will leave Moji today and is due in Shanghai on Sunday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Patriot (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on wednesday.

The B.I. s.s. Arratoon Apcar, which left Calcutta on November 12, is expected to arrive in Shanghai on December 4.

The B.I. s.s. Japan is expected to leave Calcutta for Straits, Hongkong and Shanghai tomorrow.

The P. and O. s.s. Kashgar, from London on October 11, left Bombay on November 9 and is due in Shanghai on the 29th.

The P. and O. s.s. Dilwara, which left Bombay last Monday, is expected to arrive on December 7.

The A.L. s.s. Endicott arrived in Shanghai from Seattle yesterday.

The C.P.O. s.s. Methven arrived in Shanghai from Vancouver yesterday.

The T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru, from San Francisco, left Nagasaki yesterday and is due at Woosung at daylight tomorrow. The tender with inward bound passengers and mails is expected to reach the Customs jetty about 9:30 o'clock. The Korea sails for Hongkong tomorrow evening and the tender with outgoing passengers will leave the Customs jetty at 2 o'clock.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Euryades is expected to arrive in Shanghai from New York on December 1.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Japan left Hongkong on Wednesday and is due at Woosung tomorrow morning. The tender with inward bound passengers is expected to reach the Customs jetty about 11:30 o'clock. The Japan sails for Japan ports, Victoria and Vancouver, B.C., Saturday evening and the tender with outgoing passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 4 o'clock.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	E. of Japan	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Vladivostok	Penza	..	13.00	..	..	..	12.30
Japan Ports	do	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Russia via N'saki & V'stok	do	..	..	..	c13.30	..	13.15
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	E. of Japan	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Choysang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Yamashiro M.	19.00	17.00	..	..	..	16.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Foochow	Ningshin	18.30	17.00	..	..	..	18.00
Hongkong and Canton	Rhesus	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong & United Kingdom Via Suez	Rhesus	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Tuckwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan & A'rica via N'saki	Penza	..	..	..	..	12.00	11.30
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Fengtien	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	do	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Swatow and Hongkong	Chenan	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Chenan	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	9.00	9.00	..	..	..	8.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Vladivostock and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Choysang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	E. of Japan	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	do	..	..	14.00	..	..	13.00
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	do	..	15.00	..	..	..	14.30
Australia, via Hongkong	Chenan	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	Korea Maru	..	13.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong & United Kingdom via Suez	†Indo Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan & A'rica via N'saki	Yamashiro M.	..	..	..	..	9.00	..
Japan & America via Moji	Yawata Maru	..	..	..	..	9.30	9.00
Sunday, November 23							
H'kong, Straits, S. Ports & Europe via Suez	Indo Maru	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Koonshing	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	do	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Tuesday, November 25.							
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Tungchow	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	Shantung	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Tungchow	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Hongkong and Canton	Shantung	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	China	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Wednesday, November 26.							
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sunning	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..

*Correspondence marked via Suez and parcel mail.

†Correspondence market via Susz.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.

C Parcels and money letters at 11.30 a.m.

E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train

b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

Vessels Loading

For Foreign Ports

MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO & PORTSAID.—The Steamer Indo Maru, Captain S. Arai, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on November 28, at 10 a.m. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Africa Maru**, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on November 27. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP AND ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer Alps Maru, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be desatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on Dec. 7. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on December 25. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on December 27. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru**, Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf in the end of December. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$580 S.
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$440 S
North China	$180 B.
Union of Canton	Hk. 195
Yangtsze	$270
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 20 B.
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$345 S.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$245 B.
Indo-China Pref.	$20 B.
"Shell"	200/- B.
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 41
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 37 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 13 B.
Oriental Cons.	45/-
Raub	$2.10
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	176 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 124 S.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 28
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 182½ B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 107 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 63 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 18
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 650
E-wo Pref	Tls. 85
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 360 B.
Oriental	Tls. 300 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 330 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 55 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 36½ B
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 83
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$187 B
Green Island	$6.90 B.
Langkats	Tls. 18½ S.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$6 B.
Weeks	Tls. 0.50
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7¾ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 2¾ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21½ B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.50 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2
Bute	Tls. 0.60
Chemor United	Tls. 0.75
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 2¾
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5½
Java Consolidated	Tls. 11½
Kamunting	Tls. 3 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 9¼
Padang	Tls. 8½
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2¼
Repah	Tls. 0.60 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.70 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.80
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8¼
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 0.5
Sungei Duri	Tls. 5½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¼
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.5
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.6
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.5
Tebong	Tls. 13
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 3.5
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 62
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 19
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 74
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 16

S. Sellers, Sa, Sales. B. B

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinke

Telephone No. Central 2

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 21	—	Seattle	W. of Montana	Am.	A Line
Nov. 22	—	New York	Tokiwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov. 22	—	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov. 23	—	N. York via Panama	Eurylochus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 25	—	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov. 25	—	New York v. Suez	Slavic Prince	Br.	S. Tomes & Co.
Nov. 29	—	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov. 30	—	Seattle, etc.	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov. 30	—	New York	Lowther Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Nov. —	—	New York v. Suez	C. of Newcastle	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec. 1	—	B'ton & N. York v. Suez	Wytheville	Am.	A. Line
Dec. 1	—	New York	Arna	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec. 3	—	Seattle	Endicott	Am.	A. Line
Dec. 3	—	San Francisco	Elkhorn	Am.	S. & Dix
Dec. 4	—	Portland	West Munham	Am.	A. Line
Dec. 4	—	Portland	Nishmaha	Am.	A Line
Dec. 5	—	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Dec. 6	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 7	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 14	—	New York	Knight Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 17	—	Seattle	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 20	—	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 20	—	New York	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 20	—	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 20	—	New York	Egremont Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Dec. 21	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Dec. 23	—	San Francisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 25	—	New York	Tokushima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 28	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 30	—	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 30	—	New York	Celtic Prince	Br.	S. Tomes
Jan. 3	—	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 3	—	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 15	—	New York	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 31	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Nov. 22	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 22	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov. 25	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov. 28	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 29	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov. 29	—	Kobe	Kitano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 2	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 3	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Nov. 21	—	London	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 22	—	Singapore	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov. 23	—	Liverpool	Teucer	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 23	—	Marseilles	Indo Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov. 24	—	Calcutta	Arratoon Apcar	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Nov. 25	—	Marseilles	Yonan Maru	Jap.	M. M. Cie.
Nov. 28	—	London	Carmarthenshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Dec. 1	—	London	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 3	—	Liverpool	Tsushima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 3	—	London	Kalomo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec. 5	—	London, etc.	Euryades	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 5	—	Marseilles, Antwerp	Comdt. Dorise	Fr.	M. M. Cie.
Dec. 6	—	London	Alps Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec. 7	—	London	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 8	—	London	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 12	—	Liverpool	Cardiganshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Dec. 12	—	Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 14	—	London	Novara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Dec. 18	—	London, etc.	Idomeneus	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 22	—	Marseilles, London	Kashgar	Br.	M.M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov. 22	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 21	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 21	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Nov. 21	10.00*	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Choysang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov. 21	—	Hongkong, Canton	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 22	noon	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 22	—	Hongkong	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Nov. 22	—	Hongkong	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov. 25	noon	Hongkong, Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov. 21	—	Newchwang	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 21	2.00	Vladivostok	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
Nov. 22	noon	Tsingtao	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 22	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 23	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Koonshing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov. 25	noon	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Nov. 25	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 29	D.L.	Tsingtau	Tean	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov. 22	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Siangyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov. 22	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 22	D.L.	Wuhu	Esang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov. 23	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 24	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 24	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee		

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE) ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*16.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sunglang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashi dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing dep.	7.40	10.26	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yeh

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AUCTION INDEX

SATURDAY, November 22nd.—A Rare and Valuable Collection of Postage Stamps in lots to Suit Collectors, at 2.30 p.m. Continuing Monday at 4 p.m.

MONDAY, November 24th.—Household Furniture and Sundries in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

THURSDAY, November 27th.—Household Furniture at 21 Rue de Soeurs.

ATURDAY, November 29th—Superior Household Furniture and effects at 20 Studley Avenue.

FURS

We shall be holding our usual auction of Furs, etc. at an early date, full particulars will be advertised later.

SPORTSMAN'S AUCTION

Another Sportsman's Auction will be held as soon as sufficient inducement offers.

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Authorised Bandits In Mexico

Washington, October 31.—That Carranza customs officials at Tampico are in league with bandits operating in the Mexican oil country and that these officials pass the word to the bandits when necessary, concerning the effects of travelers, was one of several charges today put before the subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations which is investigating the Mexican situation.

The testimony was given by Ira Jewell Williams of Philadelphia, President of the Boston-Panuco Oil Company, one of the principal American companies in the Tampico oil fields, who gave as his authority a distinguished English engineer who was the victim of one of these holdups. Mr. Williams also said he had heard of cases where the bandits, who frequently rob paymasters of the oil companies, knew to a penny the amount of money carried, the sum having been officially recorded at Tampico before each trip. A recent robbery in which Mexicans secured over $35,000 in gold, which had been charged up against bandits, opposed to Carranza, Mr. Williams said, had occurred in territory controlled by Carranza and within less than two kilometers of the Carranza garrison.

"I have before me a letter from a British engineer dated July 19, 1919, telling of his recent experiences in Mexico," Mr. Williams said. "Being obliged to declare his effects at the Custom House, he was held up by bandits in the Tamiahua Canal between the Panuco River and the Lagoon. The Mexican assailants asked for the English engineer's suitcase, describing it. There was ample time to have reached the bank of the canal from the Custom House and intercept the launch, whose course was round about. The engineer says:

WORKING TOGETHER

"'The whole circumstance of the robbing confirm the views held locally that the bandits are in league with the customs officials.

"And again he writes:

"'The conditions up country are very unsafe. At any time the attitude of troops towards travelers is dependent on the momentary whims of an officer commanding an undisciplined mob who revel in bloodshed and brutality. Any action can be construed as unfriendly to one side or another if a quarrel is sought and the slightest obstruction to wholesale requisitions is resented. Carranzista patriots usually shoot at sight on the less frequented roads, so that one is always subject to danger when away from known settlements. We were simply fortunate in evading drunken stragglers or especially malicious units who take a pleasure in humiliating an unarmed interloper, whose Government they know will extend him no protection.

"Fearing reprisals the engineer, a very distinguished gentleman, desires his name to be withheld."

Speaking of the statistics recently compiled on Americans killed in Mexico and acts of violence against them, Mr. Williams said:

"Of late a record has been kept of the various outrages, murders, assaults and robberies. During the war there were times when it seemed almost impossible to keep the men in the oil fields. They were unarmed. Carranza refused to permit them to be armed and they were exposed to attack and murderous assault by any Mexican having arms. If it had not been for their patriotism and bravery, the supply of oil from Mexico would have ceased. Eleven of them made supreme sacrifice in a single year and those who died never had a sporting chance.

"The robberies of payrolls and the murder of paymasters became so frequent that we asked the Mexican Government for the privilege of using airplanes for the purpose of transporting the payrolls. This was refused.

No German Victims In Mexico

"The fact which has struck me as perhaps of greatest importance in connection with Mexico is that while more than 500 Americans have been murdered within the last eight years, I have been able to find no authentic record of a single German being killed in Mexico during that period."

Mr. Williams, who is understood to be one of the last of the witnesses identified with American oil interests in Mexico, to be called by the committee, covered the whole oil problem, and it was the general opinion in the committee room that his exposition of the case was the most complete yet offered.

"The attitude of the petroleum men while the war was on," said Mr. Williams, "was that they could not as patriotic Americans take any steps which would acquiesce in the claim that the petroleum belonged to the Mexican nation and thereby endanger the supply of fuel to the allied forces.

"Their attitude at all times has been that, in good faith, in reliance upon the Mexican constitution and Mexican laws, they acquired properties which were legally theirs, either by purchase of the fee or by contract with private owners on a royalty basis, and that to attempt to deprive them of such properties was nothing but legalised robbery.

"There was a Mexican censorship and an American censorship. Under the Mexican censorship nothing was allowed to come out of Mexico except that which was favorable to Carranza. The Associated Press and the American newspapers, acting patriotically on request of the State Department, refrained from publishing Mexican news which would tend to stir up feeling in America and precipitate trouble at a time when we were at death grips with Germany.

"It was well understood that the lid was on Mexico. I made personal efforts to obtain the publication of the true facts relating to the petroleum question and was refused on this ground. Meantime all sorts of statements were emanating from Mexico City. Assurance was given again and again that there had been no confiscation and that there would be no confiscation.

"The motives of the American petroleum men were assailed. It was charged that they were anti-Carranzistas and interventionists, eager to bring on war with Mexico for their own private advantage. The repeated murders and outrages of Americans in Mexico were not permitted to be published in American papers.

THE LID TAKEN OFF MEXICO

"Finally the State Department took the lid off Mexico, and Associated Press despatches so announced. Since then, and at all times, the only effort of the petroleum men has been to bring to the attention of the American public the true facts as they exist: that these properties were rightfully American properties, and that there was a deliberate attempt to take them away from Americans.

The Mexican authorities attempted to confuse a plain issue of right and wrong by repeated misstatements and baseless charges, which were eagerly adopted by certain papers, notably the Socialistic New York Call and The Liberator.

Mr. Williams told in detail the story of how Carranza, through the employment of military force stopped Americans from drilling for oil on their own legally acquired properties. Carranza did not heed the protests filed by the State Department, and when the Americans continued operations he sent his soldiers into the field to enforce the decrees.

"On June 13 last," added Mr. Williams, "a telegram was sent to the State Department informing the department that drilling had been stopped by the military force because the company had not obtained a permit, which permit had been refused solely because of noncompliance with petroleum decrees against which the State Department repeatedly protested, as confiscatory. The State Department replied that it had protested to Carranza, but that despite this Government's efforts Carranza had issued orders to stop all drilling except in cases where these permits had been obtained.

"It is apparent that the only reason for the refusal to grant the permit was the failure of the Panuco-Boston Oil Company to file its 'manifestation' to acquiesce in the Mexican claim of ownership of its property."

"Mr. Williams," Senator Fall asked, "have you ever talked with President Wilson with regard to the situation in Mexico?"

"No, I have never discussed Mexico with the President," replied Mr. Williams.

"I was wondering who the President referred to the other day when he said that all he knew about Mexico he had learned by hearing a lot of liars tell him all about it. Do you plead guilty to being one of those referred to?" said Senator Fall.

"As far as I know none of my associates have ever had any conference with the President. I certainly never did."

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco
West Cactus ..... Oct. 26
Royal Arrow ..... Oct. 28
Lumina ..... Oct. 30
West Islip ..... Nov. 2
West Sequana ..... Nov. 8
Colombia ..... Nov. 8
Nanking ..... Nov. 8
Sylvan Arrow ..... Nov. 9
Tascalusa ..... Nov. 11
Astral ..... Nov. 12
Stanley Dollar ..... Nov. 16
West Harts ..... Nov. 18
For Tacoma
Manila Maru ..... Oct. 22
For Seattle
West Segovia ..... Oct. 26
Suwa Maru ..... Nov. 5
Seattle Spirit ..... Nov. 15
For New York
Eurymedon ..... Oct. 22
Bolton Castle ..... Oct. 22
Naneric ..... Nov. 4
Benoni ..... Nov. 19
For Vancouver
Bessie Dollar ..... Oct. 31
Empress of Russia ... Nov. 1
For London etc.
Delagoa Maru ..... Oct. 25
Khiva ..... Oct. 28
Kaga Maru ..... Oct. 29
Prinzessin ..... Oct. 30
Mentor ..... Nov. 6
Bendoran ..... Nov. 9
Yokohama Maru .... Nov. 10
Carnarvonshire ..... Nov. 13
Glenade ..... Nov. 14
City of Melbourne .. Nov. 18
Tatsuno Maru ..... Nov. 20
For Liverpool
Lycaon ..... Nov. 8
For Marseilles
Toyooka Maru ..... Oct. 28
Paul Lecat ..... Oct. 31
Bansei Maru 5 ..... Nov. 1
Celebes Maru ..... Nov. 7
Yugao Maru ..... Nov. 18
For Trieste
Italy Maru ..... Nov. 14
Scotland Maru ..... Nov. 18
For Copenhagen
Rhodesia ..... Nov. 8
For Novorossisk (Black Sea)
Vitim ..... Nov. 15
For Bombay
Dunera ..... Nov. 4
For Singapore
Castor ..... Oct. 27
Heffron ..... Nov. 9
Unda ..... Nov. 16
For Java Ports
Tjikini ..... Nov. 13
Tjilwong ..... Nov. 15
For Calcutta
Gregory ..... Oct. 28

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen from Ningpo: Mr. Bassaie.

Per I-C. s.s. Tuckwo from Hankow: Messrs. Ed. G. Williams, A. Aaylor, Mrs. J. H. Pearson.

Per C.N. s.s. Poyang from Hankow: Messrs. Fuglor, Jones, F. Young.

Per C.N. s.s. Chenan from Tsingtau: Mr. and Mrs. Camerford and 2 children.

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Shuntien for Chefoo: Miss E. G. Kendon, Mr. V.R. Eckford: for Tientsin: Mr. Sheel, Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Douglas.

Per C.N. s.s. Sinkiang for Hongkong: Misses Oldfield, O. and E. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. D. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. Kwik Siang-kaw, Messrs. Kwik Siang-gaw, Kwik Pak-yang, H. H. Bolderson.

Per I-C. s.s. Kwongsang for Hongkong: Mr. A. D. Sicklen, Paymaster H. T. Rogers.

Per I-C. s.s. Kutwo for Hankow: Rev. R. E. S. Taylor, Mrs. Taylor and 4 children, Rev. and Mrs. Walker, Misses Dale, Wilson, Batstone, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Aitkerhead, Mr. and Mrs. Glover, Messrs. R. Parsons, Schoch.

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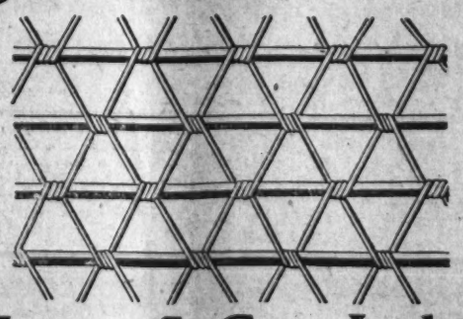

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